

DND / U.A.R./N

FILE NO. 200

NON - METEORITIC SIGHTING

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL

UAR/REED

DND / UAR 200

PCB129VV PWA241HA103

UU

MAY 23 20 25 '67

PP RCCVC

RE RCNPT 116 23/1836Z

P 231830Z MAY 67

FM RCC WINNIPEG

TO CANFORCED

BT

UNCLAS A0662

FOR CFOC. UFO REPORT

A 1700E 20 MAY 67

B CLOUDY SKY

C MR S MICHALAK, 14 LINDSAY ST WINNIPEG 9 MANITOBA. PHONE
489-3162

D FALCON LAKE MANITOBA. 4941N 9515W

E NIL

F TWO OBJECTS ON GROUND APPROX 35 TO 40 FEET IN DIAMETER, EIGHT
FEET HIGH, SAUCER SHAPED, COLOUR OF UNPOLISHED STEEL ON GROUND
AND CHANGING TO HEATED METAL COLOUR ON DEPARTURE

G EXCESS OF ONE HALF HOUR

H MR MICHALAK OBSERVED THE TWO UFOS FROM A SHORT DISTANCE FOR ONE
HALF HOUR AND OBSERVED ONE DEPART VERTICALLY THEN HEAD SOUTH.
HE WENT UP TO THE REMAINING ONE, OBSERVING AN OPEN DOOR WITH A
VIOLET LIGHT PREVENTING HIM FROM SEEING INSIDE. AS HE APPROACHED

PRIORITY

O.P.I.

CFOC

*Can Ops 421
232100 may requests
Contraincome to investigate
same.*

WJR

200

PAGE 2 RCWPC 116 UNCLAS

HE COULD HEAR A WHIRRING SOUND AND INDISTINGUISHABLE VOICES FROM WITHIN. UPON TOUCHING THE OBJECT WITH HIS GLOVED LEFT HAND HIS GLOVE BURNED, THE DOOR CLOSED AND THE OBJECT STARTED ROTATING COUNTER-CLOCKWISE THEN DEPARTED VERTICALLY ALSO HEADING SOUTH. HIS SHIRT WAS BURNED FROM THE EXHAUST PANELS ON THE OUTER EDGE AND HE REQUIRED MEDICAL TREATMENT FOR BURNS ON HIS STOMACH. HE HAS LOST TWELVE POUNDS SINCE AS HE HAS BEEN UNABLE TO EAT. WHILE HE WAS APPROACHING HE COULD SMELL WHAT HE RELATES TO AS AN ELECTRICAL FIRE. THE NOISE INCREASED IN PITCH TO A HIGH WHINE ON TAKE OFF

BT

132 200

(1)

MESSAGE FORM

FOR COMMEN/SIGNALS USE

FILE **V 2000-4 (Dops)**
NUMBER

PRECEDENCE - ACTION PRIORITY	PRECEDENCE - INFO DEFERRED	DATE - TIME GROUP 232100 Z MAY 67	MESSAGE INSTRUCTIONS
FROM CANFORCEHED			PREFIX GR
TO CANTRAINCOM			SECURITY CLASSIFICATION UNCLAS
INFO			ORIGINATOR'S NUMBER OPS 421

SUBJECT UFO REPORT.

REFERENCE RCC WINNIPEG AO 662 231836Z MAY.

**MAY A RESPONSIBLE OFFICER INVESTIGATE THE SUBJECT UFO REPORT
AND ADVISE CFHQ ATTN DOPS.**

PAGE OF PAGES	REFERS TO MESSAGE	DRAFTER'S NAME D.F. Robertson W/O Ops	OFFICE 2-5427
	CLASSIFIED YES ☐ NO ☐	RELEASING OFFICER'S SIGNATURE H.H.A. Parker Col	
FOR GPR'S USE R	DATE 200	TIME 200	SYSTEM D

DND 903
7830-21-500-1558

COPY 2

RE YOUR OPS 421 232100Z MAY. SL BISSKY TCHQ INVESTIGATING
MR MICHALAK REPORT IN CONJUNCTION WITH RCMP. RCMP HAD CONDUCTED
TWO AND ONE HALF HOURS INTERVIEW BEFORE SL BISSKY APPOINTED,
THEREFORE NOT INTENDED TO INTERVIEW REPORTER UNTIL TRANSCRIPT RECEIVED
FROM RCMP. VISITED GENERAL AREA FALCON LAKE 25 MAY AND OBSERVED
FROM HELICOPTER LOW LEVEL ALSO GROUND PARTY COVERED GENERAL AREA
DESCRIBED BY MR MICHALAK WITH NIL RESULTS. PROPOSE VISITING AREA 30
MAY WITH MR MICHALAK, RCMP, RADIAC DETECTORS AND PHOTOGRAPHER, IN
ATTEMPT TO LOCATE AREA, PARTICULARLY OUTER SHIRT WHICH APPARENTLY
WAS BADLY BURNED AND LEFT AT SCENE OF INCIDENT. MR MICHALAK HAS
BEEN UNDER DOCTORS CARE SINCE INCIDENT AND HAS BEEN UNABLE TO
ACCOMPANY INVESTIGATORS UNTIL 30 MAY

BT

*120 - from Cantraincom
to Canforiced.*

~~200~~
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DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE



MINISTÈRE DE LA DÉFENSE NATIONALE

2000-4 (FLYTRG)

Training Command Headquarters
Westwin, Man
27 Jun 67

Chief of Defence Staff
Canadian Forces Headquarters
Department of National Defence
Ottawa 4 Ont

Referred to D Ops 4
JUL 5 1967
File No V 2000-4
Chg'd to L P

Attention: DOps 4 (W/C Robertson)

INVESTIGATION OF UFO SIGHTING
FALCON LAKE - 20 MAY 67

Forwarded herewith is the m/n report regarding the alleged UFO sighting by Mr. Steven Michalak at Falcon Lake on 20 May 67. Also enclosed is an addendum to the report containing the latest information as of 26-27 Jun 67.

2. Any additional information on this report will be passed when received.


P. Bissky
Squadron Leader
for Commander Training Command

Enc

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30/11/7

Experts may probe man's UFO claim

By HEATHER CHESVIN
Tribune Staff Writer

Last Friday residents of Parkdale, a residential development halfway to Lockport, reported seeing an unidentified flying object in the air.

It seemed to have a "glowing ring of heat around it and took off at an indescribable speed," they said.

Saturday, a Winnipeg man told The Tribune a similar story from Falcon Lake. He said he had seen the craft

land, had watched it for about 45 minutes, and had touched it.

His chest is burned and he claims the exhaust from the flying object — which gave off a red light when it moved — caused it. The speed it moved at "can't be put in time," he said.

Although Saturday's sighting has precipitated a rash of crank calls, a local member of the Aerial Phenomenon Research Organization, based in Tucson, Ariz., says the de-

scriptions given here coincide closely with those given of UFOs spotted in the past.

"There is no variation at all," he said today, referring to the description given by Steve Michalak of a UFO he claims to have seen at Falcon.

"I'm going to pass this information on to my organization and they'll probably check into it."

He says even the burns on Mr. Michalak's body are similar to those suffered by other

persons who've reported similar incidents. And the smell Mr. Michalak says is coming from somewhere within him has also been reported by others, says the APRO member.

"Not everyone claims the smell comes from inside, but they've complained of unpleasant odors."

Although very few UFOs have been sighted by trained observers, he says nearly everyone has raved of the mechanical perfection of the machines, claiming seams,

welds or rivets cannot be seen.

The one difference is that the door that opens is round. Mr. Michalak said it was square with three levels. Two sliding into the sides of the machine and one opening "like it was moving by hydraulic power."

Today, Mr. Michalak, a 50-year-old industrial mechanic, is home in bed. Although his son says he's feeling a bit better, he still hasn't eaten since the experience.

His family doctor saw him Monday and says he gave him something.

Asked if he thought the patient should be checked for radiation, the doctor replied:

"The burn is just on the surface. Mr. Michalak says it's from a blast of air from some aircraft he's never seen before. But he doesn't know if it's from outer space."

"He had a headache and an upset stomach so I gave him something. I think he'll be all right."

41

See Press 23 May 67

2 Support Local Man's UFO Report

By HUBERT BEYER

Steve Michalak, who claims to have touched two unidentified flying objects (UFOs) north of Falcon Lake Saturday, is still recovering from shock at his home at 314 Lindsay Street.

"I've lost 12 pounds in the last two days, and I've been laughed at, but I thought it was my duty to report what I had seen," the 50-year-old Mr. Michalak said in a telephone interview Tuesday.

Mr. Michalak also said he received two telephone calls from two people who said they had seen similar objects in the same area Saturday.

"They said they didn't want the publicity and didn't want to be laughed at. But they described the objects to me and I came to the conclusion they had seen the same thing."

Suffering from chest burns he claims he received from the heat emitted by one of the two objects Mr. Michalak, 314 Lindsay Street, wasn't talking Monday. Mr. Michalak described the two objects as about 35 feet long, eight feet high with a three-foot protrusion on top. Resembling stainless steel, the objects, he said, gave off a glaring red light.

Mr. Michalak's son Mark, 19, in an interview Monday, said "Father says he watched one of the two objects, which had landed, for about half an hour and then cautiously approached it. He was surprised to find no welding and no bolting on the

craft; he said they were the most perfect joints he had ever seen; and father should know, he's a mechanic."

When he was close enough to the object, Mr. Michalak reportedly saw a door open, emitting a brilliant violet color. Noises of air hissing into or out of the craft were clearly distinguishable.

Mr. Michalak said he was sitting on the porch when he heard the voices but nothing happened.

"I didn't see any figures; all I could hear were voices which were distorted by the whirring and hissing sound the craft made."

"When the craft finally took off, he said, it blew him over to the side. Within a minute or less, it had disappeared on the horizon."

"I examined the spot where the craft had settled down and I couldn't see any prints that might have been left by legs of any kind. All I saw was a bare spot, circular in shape, with all leaves and grass removed by the heat, I presume," Mr. Michalak said.

"It was when the craft took off that father received burns at his chest," his son said. "The burns aren't even at random; they resemble a pattern, geometrically burned like a checker board, one square has a number of dots in it, while the next one is bare."

When Mr. Michalak was treated in the casualty ward at Misericordia Hospital, he told the doctor that he had received the burns from an airplane exhaust. "Father was just afraid that he would be laughed at," his son said.

"He knows what he saw, and what he touched. He doesn't believe that these objects are necessarily from outer space. They could easily be some new military invention being tested."

"No, dad never had any hallucinations. He was only sick once and that was years ago from zinc poisoning."

His son also said that Mr. Michalak was never keenly interested in science fiction and he never really believed in flying saucers.

However, there had been nothing to back up Mr. Michalak's claim. And that is what he was afraid of right from the start, his son said. "That's why he didn't tell the doctor."

Mr. Michalak said Tuesday, "I still don't feel too well. Not only have I lost 12 pounds in these two days, I still vomit and I still can feel a sort of foul smell coming from inside me."

Mr. Michalak had observed this peculiar smell immediately after he had gone through his experience.

The RCMP at Falcon Lake said they had heard no reports of any UFOs. Mr. Michalak says he tried to tell the RCMP, but they advised him that they couldn't do anything about it.

An RCMP constable of the Falcon Lake detachment said he didn't personally talk to Mr. Michalak, and that was all he could say about the matter.

A check with the RCAF radar site at Beausejour also revealed nothing. They hadn't heard of any unidentified flying objects and nothing registered on the screen that day.

Officials of the department of transport's radar installation at Winnipeg International Airport also said that nothing unusual was observed in its territory last Saturday.

Residents and businessmen at Falcon Lake resort were "caught by surprise" when they heard of the news on radio.

"I hadn't heard the first thing about it," a service station operator said in a telephone interview. "Nobody else saw anything, or I would have heard about it."

Winnipeg Tribune 22 May 67.

'I was burned by UFO' — city man

By HEATHER CHISVIN
Tribune Staff Writer

Steve Michalak is suffering from chest burns he claims he received Saturday from an unidentifiable flying object he touched just north of Falcon Lake.

It was about 35 feet long, eight feet high with a three-foot protrusion on top, looked like stainless steel when it landed, but gave off a glaring red light when it started to move through the air at a speed the 50-year-old industrial mechanic says he can't "even begin to describe."

And there were voices coming from it, he said in an interview at his 314 Lindsay Ave. home Sunday . . . voices that sounded human but were obscured by a whirling sound the UFO made all the time it was on the ground.

He has remnants of an undershirt with a geometrically-patterned burned spot on it, a hat with a hole burned through

it. And, he says, there seems to be a smell "coming from inside me and I can't get rid of it."

Mr. Michalak was out looking at some land north of Falcon about noon on Saturday when he heard a pair of geese start to cackle insanely, he says.

"I looked up and saw these two objects coming from a south south-westerly direction. They were glaring red. I can't describe how fast they were going. You just can't put it in time."

"One was cruising about 10 feet above the ground and one landed. I watched it for about a half-hour before going near it."

He says it looked like stainless steel as we know it, but gave off kind of rainbow reflections. And when a three-depth door finally opened, all he could see was a brilliant violet color.

"It seemed to be making a sort of whistling noise, like it was sucking in air or some-

thing. Air seemed to be coming in or going out somehow."

Still slightly shaken up by the experience, he said the joints on the UFO were "the most perfect joints I've ever seen."

"I can't understand how it was done. There was no welding, no rivets, no bolting, and when the door closed I could see nothing."

When he finally decided to approach the thing, he heard voices coming from it that were "definitely human." But he couldn't understand them because of the sound of the craft, he says.

"I spoke English, Russian, German, Italian and Polish, but the door closed, heat came from a pattern of holes in the side, it started to move in an anti-clockwise direction and took off."

He claims it was this heat that started to burn his shirt, although he told a doctor at the Misericordia Hospital he was suffering from burns from an airplane exhaust.

He tried to tell the RCMP at Falcon, but they told him they could do nothing about it he says.

And he didn't tell the doctor the truth because, he says, he thought he would be laughed at.

The doctor on charge in casualty at the time, says he did treat Mr. Michalak for burns Saturday night, but said there was nothing unusual about them at all.

As for their spreading, he says this is quite normal for even surface burns. They sometimes seem to spread at first, rather than disappear.

But, he says, he noticed no unusual smell about the patient and except for a slight hand trembling when he tried to show the doctor how upset he was, there was no sign of shock.

"He was talking quite fluently and, although his hand trembled slightly when he showed it to me, it was quite still when he put it down."

Mrs. Michalak however, says her husband is definitely not acting normally. He hasn't eaten since he's been home, has been vomiting and does have a strange odor about him.

Mr. Michalak says he does not know if the UFO was a flying saucer or not.

"Our technology doesn't have anything like it, but it could have been a new innovation being tested from the U.S. It came from that direction and took off to the same space."

"But I do know one thing. It wasn't a meteor. I studied geology for years and, when a meteor crashes, it splits. This thing landed in one piece and took off again."

"If they had seen me they probably wouldn't have even landed."

"Maybe I should contact the air force, but maybe I should not tell."

"But it wasn't a mirage. I'm too sober a man for illusions."

6680-1M

MEMORANDUM

Westwin, Man,
26 May 67

S/L P Bissky
SSO AIROPS/TC

Re: Telephone Communication
Mr. Steve Mychalak

1. I have at your request contacted the physician who examined the above named, Saturday evening 20 May at Misericordia General Hospital Winnipeg, following Mr. Mychalak's reported exposure to an UFO.
2. At the time of examination the physician was unaware of the circumstances surrounding Mr. Mychalak's burns.
3. At examination the physician found an area of first degree burns over the upper abdomen, covering an area of 7-8 inches and consisting of several round and irregular shaped burns the size of a silver dollar or less. These were a dull red in color, the hair over the lower chest was singed as was the hair on the forehead with some questionable redness of the right cheek and temple.
4. Subsequently Mr. Mychalak complained of feeling ill and his clothes and blood were checked for radiation and found to be negative.
5. As of this date Mr. Mychalak is reported to be feeling better.
6. If anything further is discovered the physician has offered to call me.

SGD

(D J SCOTT) SgLCDR
Deputy Base Surgeon
542

U.S. UFO Expert In Winnipeg

By HUBERT BEYER

If you believe that unidentified flying objects (UFOs) are nothing but hallucinations, or the invention of publicity-hungry individuals, there is nothing in the world that could conclusively prove you wrong.

Reports of recent sightings over Manitoba, however, have aroused enough interest that the University of Colorado has sent someone to Winnipeg to investigate.

Professor Ray Craig, associate professor of physical science at the Boulder, Col. university, arrived in Winnipeg Saturday to conduct a three to four-day investigation.

Prof. Craig said in an interview Saturday that the main aim of his stay in Winnipeg was to gather as much information as possible about the sightings.

"I hope I can get people to come forth with information. We still don't get 10 per cent of all reports because

people are afraid of being ridiculed."

Prof. Craig said that it was better to report a sighting that might turn out to be a balloon, or any other object, than to run the risk of not reporting something valuable.

"People should get acquainted with the things in the sky. There are balloons, there are images created by certain weather conditions. These things can be explained, but there are also a lot of things that cannot.

Prof. Craig is a member of

a scientific team preparing a report for the U.S. Air Force on UFOs. With a background of eight years in the field of nuclear physics, he doesn't commit himself to a definite statement on the probability of the existence of UFOs.

"We are attempting to give an honest evaluation; we have an open mind; the report we received from Winnipeg was certainly interesting enough to warrant an investigation; that's why I'm here."

The team of which Prof. Craig is a member was com-

missioned by the air force to prepare an extensive report to give the public the complete truth of the situation regarding UFOs.

"There has always been the thought that the public is not given the whole truth. For this reason there was pressure brought upon the government, and for this reason we are now engaged in our investigations."

The report, Prof. Craig said, was expected to come out at the end of this year and will be made public.

No trace of UFO located

A search of the area just north of Falcon Lake where a Winnipeg man claims to have watched an unidentified flying object for 45 minutes, has produced nothing yet.

But Prof. Ray Craig, associate professor of physical science at the University of Colorado, says he hasn't given up yet.

In Winnipeg to check out claims by Steve Michalak, a 50-year-old industrial mechanic who says he was burned by a UFO May 20, Prof. Craig said he intends to go back to the spot and search again.

6-HOUR SEARCH

He and Mr. Michalak, 314 Lindsay Ave., spent about six hours searching Sunday but found no trace of the UFO.

"I was sure I knew where it was," Mr. Michalak said in an interview. "But when you get there the whole scene has changed. There were no leaves then and now you can't even see 50 feet ahead of you."

Prof. Craig, a member of a scientific team preparing a report on UFOs for the USAF, says he's not taking any scientific measurements, simply checking out any reports of UFOs in the area.

He says although no two stories about UFO sightings are ever alike, Mr. Michalak's is "typical."

HARD TO TELL

As for the burns Mr. Michalak had on his chest, Prof. Craig says they are pretty well healed and difficult to tell what kind they are.

He expects to remain in town until Wednesday.

As to whether he believes UFOs are from outer space, he said he can't make any decision until the study has been completed.

"But there's no doubt that this man had a significant experience. He apparently convinced the RCMP." RCMP of Beers also searched the spot but found nothing.

MONDAY, MAY 22, 1967

WINNIPEG
TRIBUNE

PAGES 13 to 24



Steve Michalak, after hospital treatment for burns, shows his sketch of the UFO.

Tribune photo by Fred Jewell.

37

UFO Case 'Of Greatest Scientific Interest'

An investigating committee of the University of Colorado's UFO project department may come to Winnipeg to check into a Winnipeg man's claim that he saw and touched an unidentified flying object near Falcon Lake Saturday.

And Prof. James McDonald of the Institute of Atmospheric Physics, University of Arizona, said the Winnipegger's observation matched in detail dozens of others he has investigated. "I firmly believe there is something of the greatest scientific interest involved."

In a long distance telephone interview, Mary-Lou Armstrong, of the Colorado UFO team, set up by the U.S. Air Force to conduct research into and prepare reports on UFO activities, said that every aspect of the Winnipeg case would be checked.

"If we are satisfied that there may be enough new information available, we will send a team to Winnipeg to check further into the case," she said.

News of the UFO sighting erupted Monday when Steve Michalek, 50, of 311 Lindsay

Street, reported seeing two UFOs.

He said they were about 35 feet long, eight feet high, with a three-foot protrusion on top and gave off a glaring red light.

In a telephone interview Wednesday, Mark Michalak, 19, who answers all the calls for his father, said that Mr. Michalak would not disclose the exact location of his sighting to the press.

"We have been asked by a group wanting to investigate not

—Continued—
Please See UFO Page 12

UFO Case Stirs U.S. Interest

CONTINUED

to tell anyone where the object landed. As soon as my father feels a little better, we will go out with these people and show them."

Mr. Michalak was treated in hospital here for burns he said he received as the UFOs took off.

The group young Mr. Michalak referred to is the National Investigations Committee on Aerial Phenomena, a privately-supported body with headquarters in the U.S.

It has a representative in Winnipeg. The group is not a body of scientists.

Mr. Michalak said his father was feeling better. The burns had not spread, contrary to previous reports, but were healing.

"He still can't eat, but he feels a lot better now."

Mrs. Armstrong said that her department — 25 members composed largely of scientists — operates on a \$300,000 USAF grant, but that it acts independently.

"We have investigated dozens of cases and all we are obliged to do for the air force is to submit a report by the end of the year. But they can't tell us what to do and what not to do."

Prof. McDonald, who for the past year has done UFO research not only in North America but also in Europe and Australia, said in a long-distance telephone interview he has thrown his full support behind the theory of their existence.

"I have investigated cases myself where the individual has claimed he saw and touched a landed craft. I have not had any reason to doubt the credibility of these individuals."

"I firmly believe that there is something of the greatest scientific interest involved. The increased number of incidents of this sort almost suggests a pattern. I don't understand it, but the pattern is there, nevertheless."

department would have no report to investigate.

But if a report is made, Operation Blue Book — it works in conjunction with NORAD as a joint U.S.-Canada operation — will be notified, he said.

Prof. McDonald blamed public officials and defence department personnel for not dealing seriously enough with the issue. He said that he had investigated some explanations of UFO sightings given by the air force, and they were more fictitious than any UFO report could ever be.

"It is, of course, not for us to say where the objects come from and what they want, but there are just too many cases that involve absolutely reliable and credible persons which cannot be explained. We have reached a point where this problem can no longer be ignored."

"When the first railroads started running 100 years ago, we couldn't foresee jet travel or rockets to the moon and to Mars."

"Why is it so hard to admit that there is a possibility that another civilization is maybe 100 years ahead of us, especially since scientists tend to agree on the possibility of life on other planets?"

Prof. McDonald also said that burns from contact with the UFOs had been reported before. In some cases, he said, these burns were radioactive.

Prof. McDonald said he believed that an answer may well be found within the next year or two. "In my opinion there's definitely more to these reports than public officials, the defence department and newspaper editors will believe at the moment."

In Ottawa, a national defence department spokesman said Tuesday Canadian UFO reports are referred to Operation Blue Book which has its headquarters in the United States.

Commenting on the Winnipeg disclosure, he said, "If such a report is true, the

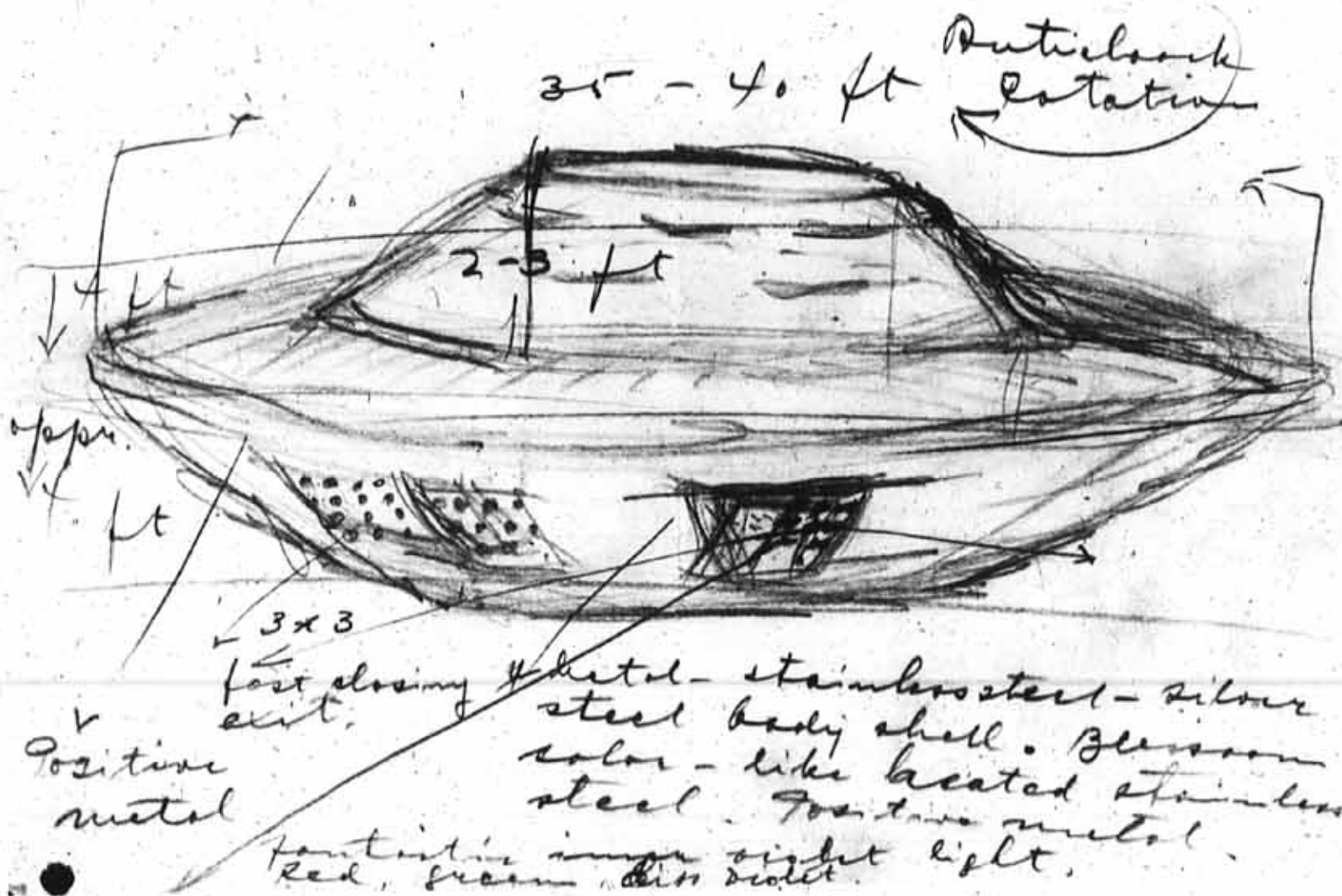
PHOTO PRESS

24 MAY 67

200

INSIDE
AT CENTRE

Counting mass of swimming instrument - motor
 Force of sucking air



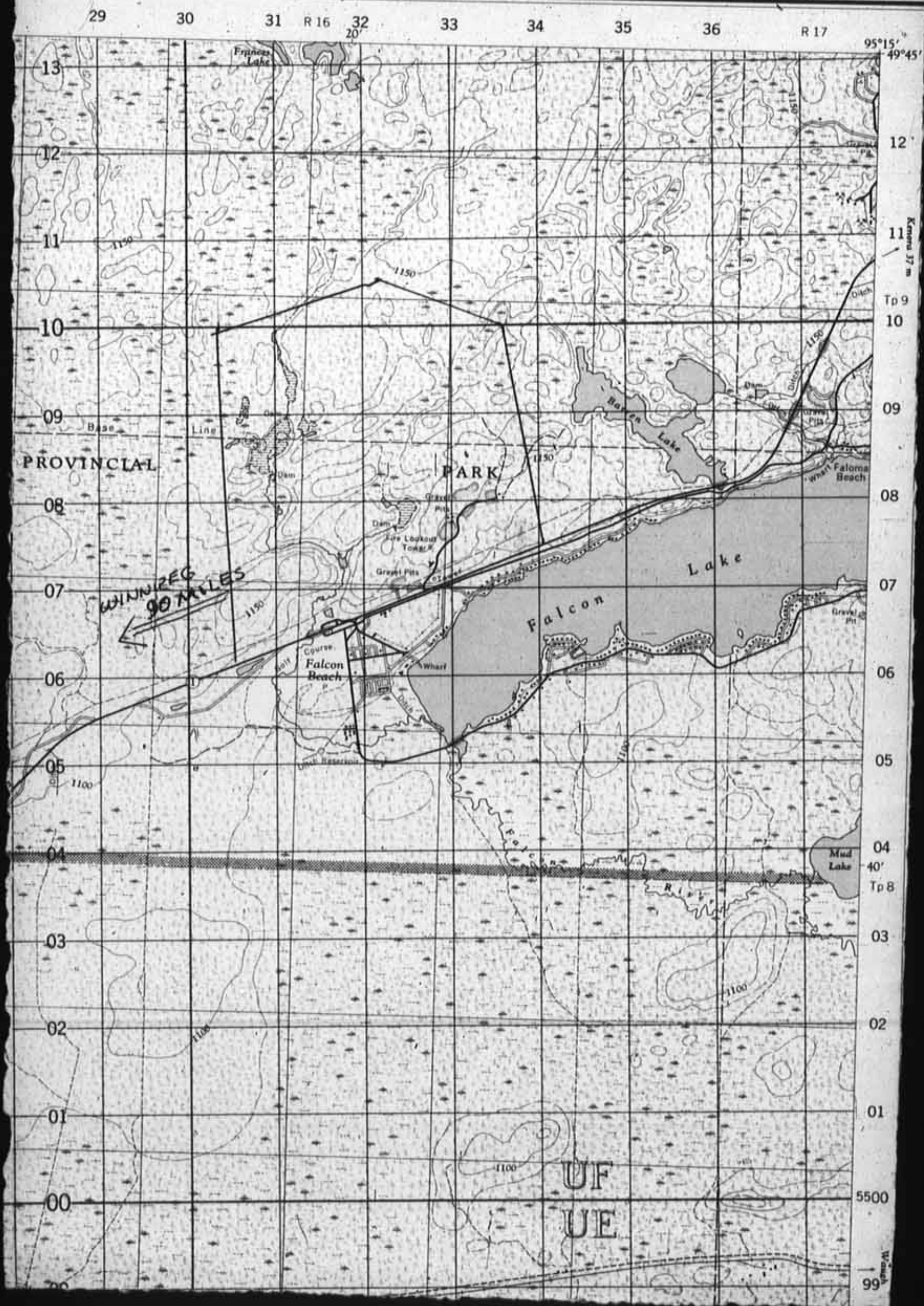
Annex A 30
To 2000-4 (contps)

CANADA

EDITION 1

CARTE PROVISOIRE

52 E/11 W



26

ADDENDUM TO REPORT

1. At 1800 hrs 26 Jun 67, S/L Bissky received a telephone call from Mr. Michalak who advised that he (Mr. Michalak) had been back to Falcon Lake over the weekend and had located the alleged UFO landing site and that he had samples of his burned shirt and moss which he was prepared to turn over to S/L Bissky.
2. S/L Bissky advised Brig Tedlie of the latest developments and arranged for an RCMP to visit Mr. Michalak at 1930 hrs.
3. Both the RCMP and S/L Bissky arrived at 1930 hrs. The presence of the RCMP was a noticeable surprise to Mr. Michalak, who wanted to know how the RCMP had found out about his being out to Falcon Lake again. This was very inconsistent with his previous verbal agreement with Cpl Davis (RCMP) that the next time he visited the area with the intention of locating the site, he (Mr. Michalak) would ask for the assistance of the RCMP at Falcon Lake and perhaps have one of them accompany him to the area to corroborate the finding. At least this was the understanding of both S/L Bissky and Cpl Davis.
4. As it turns out, Mr. Michalak called a complete stranger, a Mr. Hart whom he had never met but spoken to on the telephone only once before, and asked if he could accompany Mr. Hart to Falcon Lake on 24 Jun if Mr. Hart was planning to go for the weekend. It appears that Mr. Hart had offered Mr. Michalak the use of a cottage at Falcon Lake whenever he intended to pursue the locating of the alleged site again.
5. The following morning (Sunday 25 June) eleven hours were spent in painstakingly retracing the alleged route initially followed by Mr. Michalak and after allegedly passing the area once, returning to the actual location. Mr. Hart accompanied Mr. Michalak on this search and was on site during the actual finding. Mr. Michalak obtained what remains he could locate of his burned outer shirt and samples of burned moss from the area which apparently still retains the outline of the fifteen foot diameter circle supposedly caused by the UFO. Mr. Michalak stated he took some photographs with his own camera and would provide S/L Bissky with some when developed.
6. Also located at precisely 40 paces from the circle was the metal tape which Mr. Michalak stated previously he had left at the site. This tape together with samples provided by Mr. Michalak will be forwarded to CFHQ for analysis.
7. When asked to provide the location of the site, Mr. Michalak objected very strongly on the basis that during his 25 June hunt he had in fact located what he had searched for originally and until such time as he could stake his claim, he had no intention of having anyone go near the area. It was pointed out to him there was no intention of jumping his claim and that it was in the interest of the Canadian Public that he show the site to S/L Bissky. Mr. Michalak stated that no matter what anyone thought of him, he would not cooperate until his claim was filed. It turns out, however, that he now has to share his claim with his new-found partner, Mr. Hart, whom he has never met before. This was particularly surprising since he was very noticeably suspicious of the RCMP during the visit, so much so that he did not invite the RCMP into the basement to examine some of the latest samples brought back from the latest "hot find". He did show these to S/L Bissky, but would not

2.

release even a small sample for analysis for radio activity. He did volunteer to have the samples checked in the basement, which will be done at his convenience. He permitted the samples to be tested for magnetic field, and each of the larger section of ore had a reaction on a hand held compass. Smaller particles were subject to pick-up by a small magnet which Mr. Michalak had in the basement. From an uninitiated amateur viewpoint, this would indicate very high metal concentration in the two samples. In fact both samples looked like crystalized metal. Asked if he, (Mr. Michalak) thought there may be any uranium or radio active material in the samples, Mr. Michalak stated that he would have recognized it immediately had there been any present.

8. A considerable amount of ore was concentrated in the basement at Mr. Michalak's workbench. Only the two larger pieces were permitted to be examined by S/L Bissky. The entire load was allegedly brought back from an area very close to where Mr. Michalak had encountered the UFO, hence his reluctance to release the site location until his claim was filed. He hesitated to estimate the length of time this may require as he was filing for the maximum permissible of 18 claims. No amount of persuasion or inducement could sway Mr. Michalak into showing the location on a map.

9. As for Mr. Gerald A.V. Hart, the RCMP did a cursory check on his background and it appears he has somewhat of a shady background with a record of his past activities already registered with the RCMP. He is recorded as having very "anti-everything" tendencies on general principles, boarding on possible mental disturbances. His address, 157 Oakview Avenue, East Kildonan, and he is the owner of a small business, Hart Electronics, also of East Kildonan.

10. Mr. Michalak volunteered that he had been to the doctor at 1700 hrs regarding his skin condition and had been referred to a Dr. Berger who was a Pathologist on Corydon Street. Apparently his skin irritations have become worse and have not responded to previous treatment. This information was passed to CFB Winnipeg Base Surgeon, Dr. Connolly, with the request that follow-up action be instituted as early as possible to obtain a final medical report on Mr. Michalak.

REPORT OF AN INVESTIGATION
INTO THE REPORTED UFO SIGHTING BY
MR. STEPHEN MICHALAK ON 20 MAY 67 IN THE
FALCON LAKE AREA
SUBMITTED BY S/L P BISSKY

Reference: CFHQ Ops 421 232100Z May 67

1. Upon receipt of the reference message, S/L Bissky contacted Supt Miller of the RCMP as it was known the RCMP were already working on the case. It was learned that a two-man RCMP team had communicated with Mr. Michalak and had obtained a 2½ hour tape recording of an interview with him. Since the transcript of the tape and the attached RCMP report is very comprehensive and provides most of the background information needed to this report, it is inserted at this point rather than as an annex. This is a copy of the original RCMP report. (Pages 1 through 16).

2.

2. Although it was recognized as utmost important to visit the scene of the alleged landing at the earliest possible opportunity to obtain any evidence for analysis, it was not possible to make a physical search until 25 May 67, with no results. S/L Bissky and Cpl Davis visited Mr. Michalak on 30 May to ascertain his ability to accompany another search party. Although Mr. Michalak still felt unable to accompany the group, he did describe the alleged site more clearly, drew a rough sketch of surrounding terrain, and from an aerial photograph of the area, selected the most likely spots to search. Armed with this information a team of 4 RCAF and 2 RCMP proceeded to Falcon Lake on 31 May. An H112 helicopter from Rivers was also called in to assist with the search which continued most of the afternoon, into the early evening, and again with no results.

3. The RCMP returned to Winnipeg that evening and persuaded Mr. Michalak to accompany them to Falcon Lake the next day. Thinking he may be able to quickly locate the site from the air, Mr Michalak was taken over the area by helicopter but he found no recognizable features. He stated he could probably do better on the ground. The search then proceeded with him leading the ground party, with the helicopter monitoring the proceedings from the air. With the aid of RCMP portable radios, an air/ground link was possible and this greatly assisted in directing the ground party to the most likely looking areas as described by Mr. Michalak. Following a frustrating afternoon and evening search, in consideration for Mr. Michalak's health, it was decided to discontinue the search for that day. During the debriefing that evening, Mr. Michalak insisted the ground party had been very very close to the sought after location as he recognized several physical features and areas where he had chipped rocks during his last prospecting visit. Although Mr. Michalak could not remain for the following day because of a doctor's appointment, it was decided to continue the search on the basis of Mr. Michalak's assurance the ground party had been so close. It was thought perhaps a short search in the morning would locate the site.

4. The following day the search proceeded until noon hour, at which time the winds were gusting up to 40 mph, making it dangerous to fly the H112. The ground party also suspended their search about the same time after having covered the surrounding area to the last reported close position, with no results. The entire search was suspended as of 1300 hrs local, with all searchers returning to Winnipeg in the afternoon. Outlined on the attached map (Annex A) is the area covered during the search.

5. Although the authenticity of Mr. Michalak's report had not been questioned up to the second search, he had appeared genuinely sincere and his story was convincing to those who heard it for the first time, some doubts arose during the last search:

- a. Mr. Michalak had staunchly denied having consumed alcoholic beverages at any time while at Falcon Lake. Yet a reliable witness at Falcon Lake advised that he personally had served Mr. Michalak 4 or 5 bottles of beer the night prior to the trip into the bush.
- b. During the search, Mr. Michalak appeared to be groping. Contrary to his statement to the RCMP (Page 5, line 22) where he supposedly went directly to a pre-selected spot, he appeared very confused in his sense of direction and what he was looking for. For a man who claimed to have an excellent directional capability in the bush, his actions during this search were very very dubious to say the least.

6. During the 30 May visit to Mr. Michalak's home, a burned undershirt and cap were obtained and placed in safekeeping at TCHQ, pending the results of the Falcon Lake search. These articles were supposedly those referred to in the RCMP report. On 3 June, Mr. Michalak's son called S/L Bissky at his home with the request that the articles be returned since Mr. Michalak was having an interview by two Life Magazine reporters as well as Professor Roy Craig, UFO Project Officer, from the University of Colorado. After checking with the Commander TC and not until it was assured the articles could be obtained at a later date for analysis, the articles were returned on 5 June. These articles have since been forwarded to CFHQ for analysis.

7. It was also learned on 30 May that Mr. Michalak, Mr. Thompson (APR 67 rep), Professor Craig and the two Life reporters had been to Falcon Lake the day previously (29 May 67) and conducted another extensive ground search for the alleged site. After, what Prof. Craig described to S/L Bissky later, as a "going-around-in-circles" type of search, the search was abandoned.

8. Professor Craig visited S/L Bissky on his own during the afternoon of 5 Jun to further discuss the alleged sighting. At this time Prof. Craig voiced his doubts as to the authenticity of this report, and felt that Mr. Michalak had perhaps been subjected to hallucinations, cause or causes of which could possibly be attributed to past experiences. He, too, indicated his disappointment at Mr. Michalak's apparent lack of directional know-how while searching in the bush. At one point, Mr. Michalak had stated that, "This site would have been perfect had it not been for the slope of the rocky plateau on which they were standing." Further, it would appear his description of the area to the last party was somewhat different to that given to the RCAF/RCMP search team. The previous site was supposedly some 500 feet away from water on a ledge approximately 30 feet above the lower level. In his description to the last party, he described the water location as being very near to where he was working when his attention was distracted by the noise of the geese. This discrepancy was very noteworthy, since previous searches were made for an area of reasonably large proportions as seen while facing north. Yet the "almost perfect" site shown to the Professor was of small dimensions and was facing southward. Professor Craig, also thought that the Michalak family were enjoying the attention they were now obtaining.

9. Notwithstanding the evidence as it appears, the abdominal burns sustained by Mr. Michalak remain unexplainable as to the source of the burn. In examining the shirt carefully, one can see that the burned areas do not readily align themselves with the abdominal burns, although by stretching the shirt the areas do align. Further, the burns on the shirt appear to be in a square pattern, or perhaps slightly oblong, not too similar to the abdominal burn. To follow through the possibilities that Mr. Michalak had inadvertently, accidentally, or intentionally made contact with some source of high electrical energy in the Falcon Lake area, another search was conducted by S/L Bissky. There were no high tension power lines in the area, however, there is a micro-wave tower not too far from the area searched previously. A shirt, burned in some areas, was found near the base of this tower, but later proved to be a cleaning rag used by Manitoba Telephone personnel when renovating the micro-wave plant at the base of the tower. Mr. Michalak also denied ownership of the shirt. Therefore, the source of the burns is a mystery except for Mr. Michalak's explanation.

4.

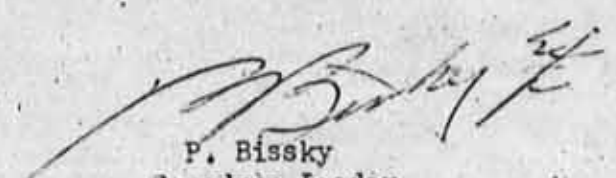
10. Attached as Annex B is a copy of the preliminary medical report from Mr. Michalak's doctor. Unfortunately it has been most difficult to obtain the latest medical report due; firstly, having to obtain a release from Mr. Michalak for the release to DND of this information, and secondly, Dr. Otway, the original physician who treated Mr. Michalak, has been away, and is still away. Therefore, the final report will be submitted as a supplement when received.

11. Also attached as Annex C are photos of the shirt and cap as well as the original sketch of the UFO drawn by Mr. Michalak while he was observing the object prior to touching it. (Prof. Craig intimated this was typical of the many sketches which have been received by his organization over the years.)

12. As of the last communication with Mr. Michalak (6 June) he insisted his intentions are to return and locate the site at some time in the future, at which time he will notify both the RCAF and the RCMP. With the change of environment through foliage growth, this may prove to be a more difficult task than he figures. Even if the site is located at this late date it is highly unlikely any worthwhile evidence would remain for analysis.

13. Of interest, Mr. Barry Thompson of the APRA organization has been a constant companion of Mr. Michalak's and he appeared to be the spokesman for Mr. Michalak during some of the interviews. Both the investigating officer and Professor Craig agreed there appeared to be monetary gain intentions associated with this relationship.

14. Attached as Annex D are copies of several clippings from local newspapers regarding this alleged sighting.


P. Bissky
Squadron Leader
Investigating Officer

Att

V 2000-4 (Dops)

Canadian Forces Headquarters
Ottawa 4, Ontario

29 June, 1967.

Defence Research Board
Defence Chemical Biological and
Radiation Laboratories

Attention: W.E. Cowie

MR S. MICHALAK CLOTHING - BURNS
ALLEGEDLY RESULTING FROM CONTACT WITH
UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECT

- References:
- A. Annex "A" attached copy of UFO report
 - B. Envelope with supporting letter containing;
 - (1) one worn and burned undershirt
 - (2) one peaked cap with burns on the rear area;
and
 - (3) one yellow plastic glove (right hand)
 - C. Envelope with supporting letter containing a plastic bag with samples of:
 - (1) soil from immediate area occupied by UFO
 - (2) moss from immediate area occupied by UFO
 - (3) metal tape from site of UFO
 - (4) burned shirt (outer)
 - D. Telecom between W/C DF Robertson CPHQ/Dops 4 and Mr NE Cowie of DRB 29 June 1967

1. An Unidentified Flying Object (UFO) report received at CPHQ from Training Command Headquarters, Winnipeg, a copy of which is attached hereto as Annex "A", is presently being investigated by DND in co-operation with the RCMP.

.../2

- 2 -

2. This case has generated a good deal of interest in many areas within Canada and the United States. The case has become even more interesting as our investigation to date suggests that Mr Michalak is a normal, sincere individual who insists that this incident is factual as stated and that he has willingly produced evidence to substantiate his story.

3. In order to assist DND in carrying out its investigation may the material as listed in the above Reference B and C be analysed in an attempt to ascertain as to what may have caused these burns. In addition, any information which you may be able to supply which would aid this department in its investigation will be greatly appreciated.

4. May the material noted be returned to DND on the completion of the tests.

H. F. Robertson w.l.
H. H. A. Parker
Colonel
Director Operations

H.F.R.
W/C D.F. Robertson/2-5427/lv
Ops 4
Circ
File

ANNEX A
TO V 2000-4 (DCps)
DATED: June, 1967.

Herewith is a copy of an unidentified flying object (UFO) report received at CFHQ from Training Command Headquarters, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Date: 20 May 1967 at approximately 1700 hours local time

Person making report: Mr S. Michalak, 14 Lindsay St., Winnipeg 9, Manitoba

Place sighting occurred: Falcon Lake, Manitoba at position 49 degrees 41 minutes North latitude, 95 degrees 15 minutes West longitude

Details:

1. Mr Michalak observed two objects on the ground approximately 35 to 40 feet in diameter, eight feet high, saucer shaped, colour of unpolished steel on ground and changing to heated metal colour on departure.
2. The objects were observed for approximately one half hour.
3. The objects were observed from a short distance for one half hour and he observed one depart vertically then head south. He went up to the remaining one, observed an open door with a violet light preventing him from seeing inside. As he approached he could hear a whirring sound and indistinguishable voices from within. Upon touching the object with his gloved left hand his glove burned, the door closed and the object started rotating counter-clockwise then departed vertically also heading south. His shirt was burned from the exhaust panels on the outer edge and he required medical treatment for burns on his stomach. He has lost twelve pounds and is unable to eat. While he was approaching he could smell what he relates to as an electrical fire. The noise increased in pitch to a high whine on take off.

MESSAGE FORM

FILE V 2000-4 (D OPS)
NUMBER

FOR NCEN/SIGNALS USE

PRECEDENCE - ACTION ROUTINE		PRECEDENCE - INFO DEFERRED		DATE - TIME GROUP 28 JUN 67		MESSAGE INSTRUCTIONS	
FROM	CANFORCENED					PREFIX GR	
TO	CANTRADCOM					SECURITY CLASSIFICATION UNCLAS	
INFO						ORIGINATOR'S NUMBER OPS 453	

SUBJECT: UFO REPORT MR MICHALAK
REF: YOUR LETTER 200-4, DATED 27 JUN
INVESTIGATION OF SUBJECT MAY BE SUSPENDED AT YOUR DISCRETION.
MATERIAL TO BE ANALYZED RECEIVED AND RESULT OF SAME WILL BE ADVISED

PAGE OF PAGES		REFERS TO MESSAGE		DRAFTER'S NAME		OFFICE		TEL.	
				W/C DP ROBERTSON		OPS 453		2-5427	
CLASSIFIED YES ☐ NO ☐									
FOR DPR'S USE	R	DATE	TIME	SYSTEM	OPERATOR	D	DATE	TIME	SYSTEM
						RELEASING OFFICER'S SIGNATURE D.F. ROBERTSON W/C FOR D OPS			

DND 903
7530-21-562-1856

COPY 3





DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE



MINISTÈRE DE LA DÉFENSE NATIONALE

SAVEDS
150

2000-4 (FLYTRG)

Training Command Headquarters
Westwin, Man
4 Jul 67

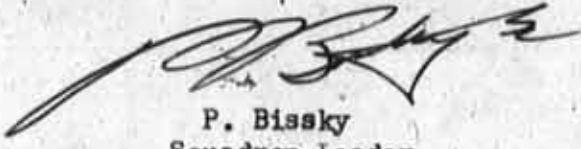
Chief of Defence Staff
Canadian Forces Headquarters
Department of National Defence
Ottawa 4 Ont

Attention: DOPS 4 (W/C Robertson)

INVESTIGATION OF UFO SIGHTING
FALCON LAKE - 20 MAY 67

MANAGEMENT
FILED
DOCS 4
JUL 10 1967
2000-4
QC
Chg'd. to

1. Enclosed are enlarged photographs which were received subsequent to the submission of the above noted report.
2. These photographs were taken approximately 48 hrs after the alleged contact with the object by Mr. Michalak. The abdominal burns have not been reproduced in true colour, unfortunately, as they were a more vivid red than indicated on the photograph. The other photograph is of the left hand glove, cap and undershirt. These photographs were taken by Mr. Barry Thompson, representing APRO.
3. No further medical report has been received to date.


P. Bissky
Squadron Leader
for Commander Training Command

Enc ✓

586
JUL 10 1967

CP
PA

P.A. → V 2000-4 (SA/VCDS)

Ottawa 4, Ontario,
7 July 1967.

Chief Superintendent
D.C.B.R.L.

UFO SIGHTING FALCON LAKE

1. Further to our telecon (Flynn/Sheffer), I am enclosing a copy of the Training Command and R.C.M.P. reports. As this is my only copy and there are a number of people who would like to see it, I would appreciate its return after you have discussed the contents with the R.C.M.P. Crime Lab.

Original Signed By
H. SHEFFER

H. Sheffer
SA/VCDS.

HS/fm
Encl.

P.A.  V 2000-4 (SA/VCDS)

11 July, 1967.

Dr. J.T. Flynn
Acting Chief Superintendent,
Defence Chemical Biological & Radiation Establishment.

INVESTIGATION OF UFO SIGHTING
FALCON LAKE - 20 MAY 67

1. The enclosed is forwarded for your perusal. Will you please return to Mr. Greenwood by 17th July.

H. Sheffer *per fm*
SA/VCDS

INCIDENT REPORT

CANADIAN FORCES OPERATIONS CENTRE

Time Reported 1310Z Date 26 Jul 67 Person Reporting Insp Headrick
Unit or Organization RCMP Crime Lab
Location or Address Ottawa Telephone 3 9367
Place of Occurrence _____
Time of Occurrence _____ 2

Details

Re: Analysis of samples from Falcon Lake UFO Incident.
Samples sent by RCMP to Dr A.H. Booth, National Health and Welfare, for radio-activity check.

The report from Dr Booth indicates a radiation value of .3 microcuries in the soil sample. Dr Booth reports that the radiation is from a radium source and is a possible serious health hazard. He is sending an investigator to Falcon Lake area.

Telephone number Dr Booth 7 4684

Injuries

Damage Report

Action Taken by Duty Officer

Referred to Mr. E.W. Greenwood.

Follow-up Action Required

*The Greenwood consulted with Mr Booth on this. Mr Booth is working through Manitoba Health & Welfare Dept.
We will be advised further.*

(JA Morrison)
Duty Officer

MESSAGE FORM

FOR COMMCEN/SIGNALS USE

FILE V 2000-4, Vol 2
NUMBER (98ps)

PRECEDENCE - ACTION ROUTINE		PRECEDENCE - INFO DEFERRED	DATE - TIME GROUP 28 1900Z AUG 67	MESSAGE INSTRUCTIONS
FROM	CANFORCHED			PREFIX GR
TO	CANTRAINCOM			SECURITY CLASSIFICATION UNCLAS
INFO				ORIGINATOR'S NUMBER OPS 440

SUBJECT: UFO MICHALAL PERSONAL ITEMS

REFERENCE: YOUR MESSAGE FLYTRG 5237 171556 AUG

ITEMS YOUR REFERENCE MESSAGE HAVE BEEN REQUESTED FROM RCMP. WILL
FORWARD SAME ON RECEIPT

PAGE OF PAGES		REFERS TO MESSAGE		DRAFTER'S NAME		OFFICE		TEL.	
		CLASSIFIED YES ☐ NO ☒		S/L W. Bain		Ops 4-2		2-2900	
FOR OPR'S USE	R	DATE	TIME	SYSTEM	OPERATOR	DATE	TIME	SYSTEM	OPERATOR
					D				
						RELEASING OFFICER'S SIGNATURE D.F. Robertson, W/C			

DND 903
7530-21-552-1555

COPY 4

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE MINUTE SHEET		SECURITY CLASSIFICATION
REFERENCE		FILE NUMBER
		TO
		DATED
REFERRED TO	REMARKS (To be signed in full showing Appointment, Telephone Number and Date)	
<u>D.S.C.</u> <u>Mr. Greenwood</u>	<i>[Signature]</i> Ref: attached message. May subject articles be returned providing lab tests have been completed. If items are returned to me, I will look after the forwarding action. D. F. Robertson w/ DOPS 4 21 Aug	
② DOPS 4	Supt Eaves will arrange to ship the stuff to you. He cannot check its availability until next week. <i>[Signature]</i> Doe / DC ops 22 Aug	

DND 317
7530-21-962-7241

NNNNVV PCA304 PWB276WPA192

UU

AUG 17 20 44 '66

RR RCCWC

DE RCWPC 62 17/1556Z

O.P.I.

Dops

R 171505Z AUG 67

FM CANTRAINCOM

TO CANFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS FLYTRG 5237

FOR DOPS 4- W/C ROBERTSON.

MR MICHALAK PRESSING FOR RETURN OF ITEMS SENT TO YOU

FOR ANALYSIS IE CAP, UNDERSHIRT, METAL TAPE, AND YELLOW GLOVE.

UNDERSTAND ARTICLES ARE PRESENTLY AT RCMP CRIME LAB OTTAWA.

ADVISE WHEN ARTICLES MAY BE EXPECTED

BT

CFMO OPERATIONS CENTRE
AUG 17 21 41 '67
DOPS 0

*3219A
Suppl Eaves*

132



YOUR NO. _____
VOTRE N° _____

OUR NO. _____
NOTRE N° _____

Crime Detection Laboratory,
R.C.M. Police,
Ottawa, Ontario,
September 1, 1967.

D.O.P.S.
4 Canadian Forces Headquarters,
Ottawa, Ont.

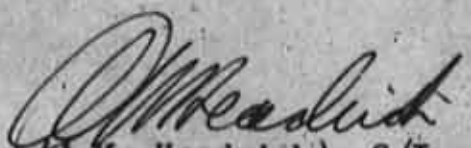
Attention: W/C D.F. Robertson

Dear Sir:

Re: U.F.O. - 20 May 1967 - Sighting

Enclosed please find all exhibits forwarded to this laboratory on July 18, 1967. Mr. S. Hunt of the Radiation Protection Division will supply you with the necessary shipping labels since the radioactive level in the soil sample precludes shipping by mail.

Yours truly,


(A.M. Headrick), S/Insp.,
Officer i/c Ottawa Laboratory.

ARC/rr

V 2000-4 Vol 2 (D Ops)

Canadian Forces Headquarters
Ottawa 4, Ontario

5 September, 1967

Department of National Health and Welfare
Radiation Protection Division
Brookfield Road
Ottawa 8, Ontario

Attention: Mr S.E. Hunt

INVESTIGATION UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS (UFO) -
FALCON LAKE MANITOBA SOIL SAMPLES

Reference: A. Discussion Mr S.E. Hunt and W/C DF Robertson
CFHQ/DG OPS/D OPS 4 relating to subject.

1. Please find enclosed soil samples taken from the site of an alleged UFO landing area in the vicinity of Falcon Lake, Manitoba.
2. The soil samples, the property of Mr S. Michalak, have been returned to this office following a series of tests carried out by the RCMP.
3. It is believed that the samples are contaminated and as such should not be returned to Mr Michalak. If you agree with these findings it is suggested that Mr Michalak be advised accordingly. Our official investigation suggests that Mr Michalak produced only a portion of the soil from a container located at his residence. If the subject soil samples are considered dangerous it may be advisable to initiate action to obtain the remainder of the soil samples held by Mr Michalak.

W. W. Turner
Colonel
Director Operations

W/C D.F. Robertson/2-5427/1v
Ops 4
Circ
File

V 2000-4 Vol 2 (D Ops)

Canadian Forces Headquarters
Ottawa 4, Ontario

5 September, 1967

Commander
Training Command
Westwin, Manitoba

Attention: S/L P. Bessky

INVESTIGATION OF UFO SIGHTING
FALCON LAKE - 20 MAY 67

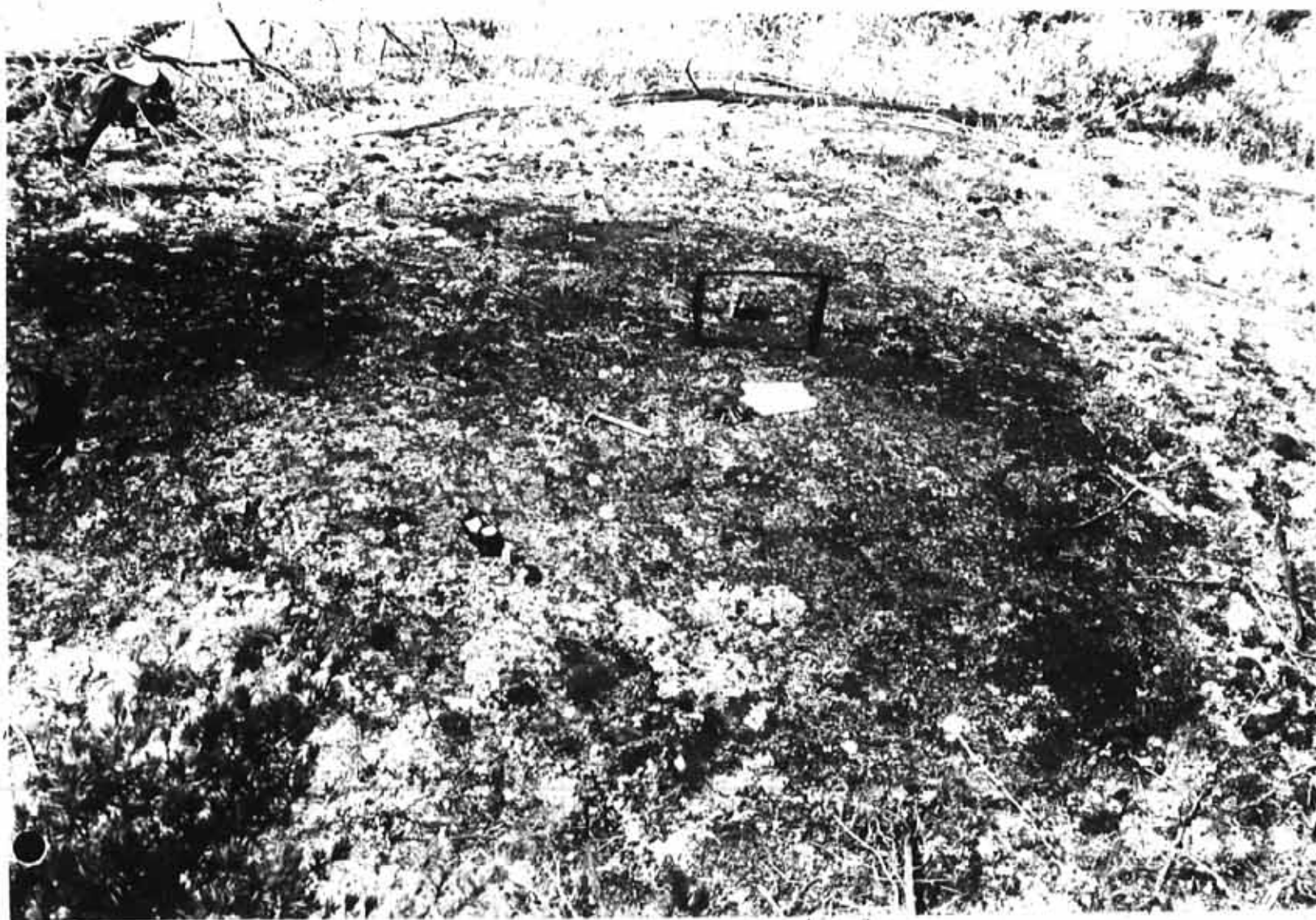
Reference: A. Your message Fly trg 5237, 17 August 1967

B. Our message Ops 440, 28 August 1967

1. Returned herewith are personal items the property of Mr S. Michalak.
2. The soil samples forwarded to this headquarters for analysis have been found to be contaminated and as such it is not intended that this item be returned.
3. Your co-operation in respect to this investigation is appreciated.

W. W. Turner
Colonel
Director Operations

W/C D.F. Robertson/2-5427/lv
Ops 4
Circ
File



View of vegetation on the left side of the road, looking south from the road.



... ..



National Museum of Natural History
Washington, D.C.

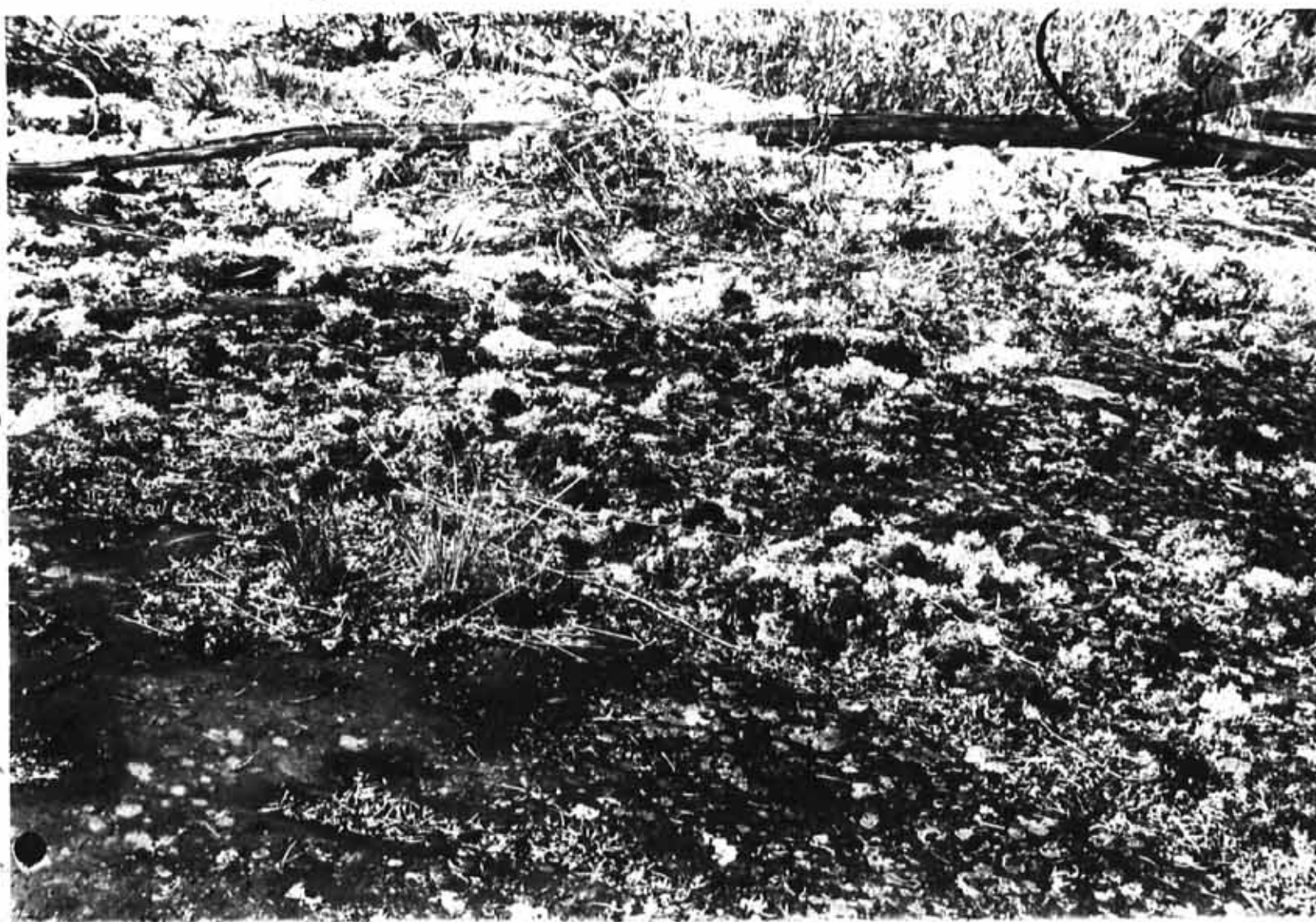


Person standing in field with sparse vegetation and a large bush.



PUBLIC ARCHIVES
ARCHIVES PUBLIQUES
CANADA.

**Page image e002749639
not available from Library and Archives Canada
(the LAC server returns 404 for it)**



Small plants of the salt marsh, etc. at the edge of the
salt marsh, etc. at the edge of the salt marsh, etc.



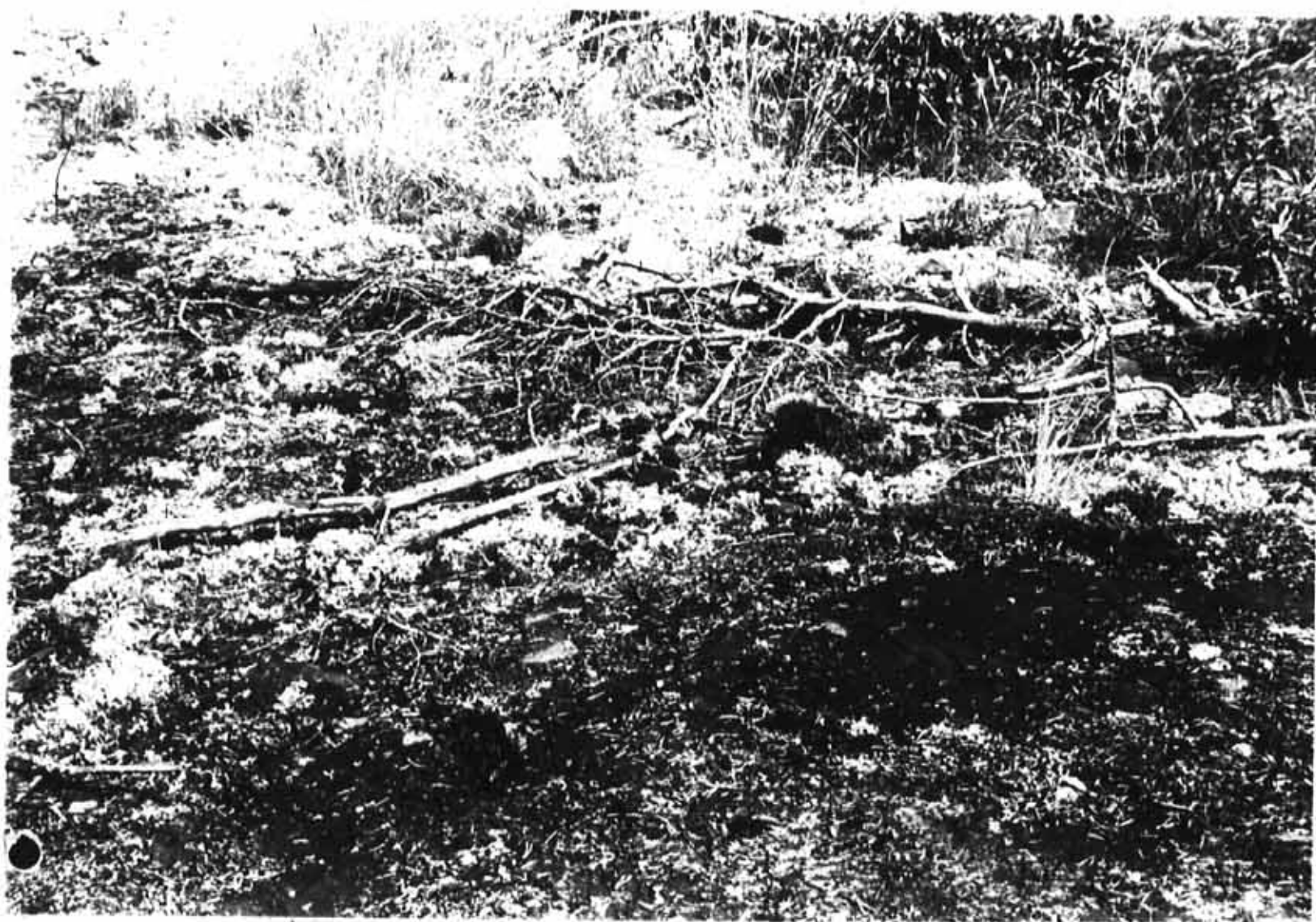


Figure 1. Section of the hillside showing the exposed roots of the trees.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE
MINUTE SHEET

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION

FILE NUMBER

DATED

REFERENCE

REFERRED TO

REMARKS

(To be signed in full showing Appointment, Telephone Number and Date)

DOPS

1. Attached report on UFO - Falcon Lake

(a) Radium 226 is pure radium

(b) There is some doubt that the soil samples did in fact contain "226" or pure radium. This question of doubt is a scientific evaluation beyond this investigation.

(c) the quantity of "226", namely, 0.5 is equal to approximately $\frac{1}{3}$ of that associated with an average wrist watch.

(d) However, the quantity although pertinent, does not explain how the "smear" got on the rock at the alleged UFO landing site. This is what is bothering the scientific people.

(e) Radium is not mentioned in any other part of the investigation.

Mr. Turner
has seen
some
* not for release
to outside
agencies

WTR

DND 317
7530-21-552-7241



2000-4 (FLYTRG)

Training Command Headquarters
Westwin, Manitoba
1 Sep 67

Chief of Defence Staff
Canadian Forces Headquarters
Department of National Defence
Ottawa 4 Ont

Referred to DOPS 4

SEP 8 1967

File No V2000-4

Chg'd to PC

Attention: DOPS 4 (W/C Robertson)

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT
UFO INVESTIGATION - FALCON LAKE

Reference: 2000-4 (FLYTRG) 27 Jul 67

1. Following an informal report from the RCMP to the effect that the samples submitted to CFHQ for analysis had proven to contain considerable radio activity, and that a representative from the Dept of National Health and Welfare was being sent out to investigate further, contact was made with all those concerned and a decision was made to
 - a. Interrogate Mr. Michalak again with the view to ascertaining the possibilities of his home and himself being contaminated by the materials which he brought out as samples; and
 - b. Investigate the alleged landing site of the object, since Mr. Michalak had now been to the site twice since his initial encounter. (Mr. Michalak admitted having taken Mr. Thompson, APRO, into the site on 17 Jul 67).
2. Although Mr. Michalak had previously been most uncooperative regarding taking either the military or RCMP into the site, once the possible gravity and implications were made clear to him, he volunteered to lead a party into the area. The RCMP arranged with Mr. Michalak's employer for him to be off work on Friday 28 July without loss of pay.
3. The ground party consisted of the following personnel:
 - S/L P Bissky - TCHQ
 - Mr. Stephen Michalak
 - F/L J. Smith - BNDO CFB Winnipeg
 - Cpl J. Davis - RCMP CID Winnipeg
 - Const J. Zackarais - RCMP CID Winnipeg
 - Mr. S. Hunt - Radiation Protection Div, Dept of Health and Welfare
Ottawa
 - Mr. D. Thompson - Manitoba Health and Welfare Dept Winnipeg

.../2

Cpl W. Reed - CFB Winnipeg Nuclear Def Training
 Cpl D. Shephard - CFB Winnipeg Photo Section
 DND radiation detection instruments "Radiac Meter 5016-Gamma
 and CDV 700-Beta/Gamma" were employed in the area. Mr. Hunt
 also had an instrument of unknown nomenclature, which appeared
 to be more sensitive to the DND equipment.

4. Prior to entering into the woods on 28 July, Mr. Michalak mentioned that during his 17 July visit, they had encountered torrential rains and extremely high winds while in the area, to the point where they (he and Mr. Thompson) thought they were subject to harm from flying limbs and broken trees. The local Falcon Lake RCMP verified this downpour on the date. It was therefore thought very little evidence may be available from which samples or deductions could be made.

5. Mr. Michalak successfully led the party to the sight, in approximately 45 minutes going through considerable heavy bush, brush and undergrowth. The site was within 50 yards from where the ground party had searched on 1 Jun 67, but was not visible at that time because of the heavy bush located between the two areas.

6. The attached photographs were taken at the site.

No 1. Taken from approximately 12 feet up in a tree facing in a southwesterly direction, showing the outline of an approximate 15 foot diameter circle on the rock surface where the moss and earth covering has been cleared to the rock surface by a force such as made by air at very high velocity. For comparison, the prospectors ax and Beta counter were left in the approximate circle centre. Outlined in red is the area where No 2 photo was taken.

No 2. This is an enlargement of the only area (and very small - approx 4 inches in diameter) where there was any indication of radioactivity. Further samples were taken from this area, and from analysis there also proved to have a Radium source, similar to the previous samples analysed.

No 3. This photo was taken facing approximately southward, to show the slope of the area within the circle. The white paper in the centre of the photo 1 is also visible in approximately the upper centre of this photo.

No. 4. Also taken from the tree with Mr. Michalak standing in the spot where he allegedly made contact with the outer surface of the object and just forward of where his outer shirt was supposed to have been left after he put out the fire. No particles of burned shirt could be located even though a very careful examination was made by several members of the team.

.../3

3.

No 5. Taken facing NNE direction. The figure 5 is in the approximate position where the second object allegedly hovered. It will be noted on this photo, that the object would have had to rise directly upwards before proceeding in the southwesterly direction, which is the direction Mr. Michalak asserts the object took.

No 6. Is an enlargement of the area in the upper centre section of photo 1, indicating the cleared surface.

No 7 and 8. Also enlargements of two areas around the perimeter of the circle.

7. A very intensive radiac check was conducted on the surfaces surrounding the alleged landing site to determine if there were any other sources of radio activity or if some may have been washed away with the recent heavy rains. No other source were located.

8. The trees within the 35-40 foot diameter of the alleged object were examined for indications of heat burns or disturbances, with no results.

9. Mr. Stuart Hunt was to have provided a report for inclusion in this report, but unfortunately he returned to Ottawa, unknown to the undersigned, without contributing same. Hence, the delay in submitting this report. However attached is a copy of the last RCMP report which is, again, very comprehensive and self explanatory.

10. In addition to the discrepancies outlined in para 22 of the RCMP report, the following are also submitted:

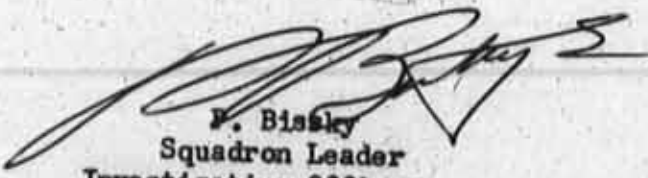
- a. Considering the size of the alleged object (35-40 ft across), it is highly unlikely that it could have made a descent into and ascent from the area searched without having made contact with some of the surrounding trees. Even if it was not completely heated on the surface, there should have been some evidence of having brushed a tree or some bark removed. Yet there was no indication at all.
- b. One thing which was not brought out in the RCMP report, it was proven that Mr. Michalak does consume alcoholic beverages, in fact to some considerable extent. After coming out from the alleged site, Mr. Michalak was purposely taken to the same bar where he had consumed the five beers the night prior to his initial encounter on the 20 May 67.

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4.

Although he declined the offer of beer (it could not be determined whether this was done because he did not like beer or not) he did accept the offer of several Rye "Presbyterians" (rye, and half water/ginger ale mix), in fact he even went so far as to purchase a round of drinks for the group. He appeared to hold his alcohol reasonably well, although it was noticed that he did loosen up after the third drink and become quite gay, telling numerous stories. When questioned about the vast discrepancy in direction the object departed, he just shrugged his shoulders and laughed it off. When last seen, he was in a jovial mood, remaining in the bar, presumably to await the arrival of his two assistants from Winnipeg. Hence it is very possible that Mr. Michalak may have had a private party on his own the night of 19 May, which in turn could have caused hallucinations the following day. This is only a suggestion, since there are so many unexplainable factors associated with this case.

- c. As pointed out in the RCMP report, the complete removal of all evidence from the site makes it highly suspect that it was never there. One would have thought some shreds or burned shreds or burned shirt particles would have remained, even after the two months elapsed time.
 - d. The tape (metal) was reported as having shown signs of radio activity, yet it was left approximately 100 feet removed from the small area located within the circle. It is possible the tape may have become contaminated through contact with the samples submitted.
 - e. Mr. Hart had, subsequent to the site examination, advised that samples which he had taken showed no signs of radiation on an instrument in his possession.
11. Again as stated in the RCMP report, there are certain facts, such as Mr. Michalak's illness and burns and the very evident circle remaining at the site, which are unexplainable.
12. It is understood that Mr. Stuart Hunt has made contact with W/C Robertson at CFHQ. It is assumed he at that time submitted his report on his findings. Informally, Mr. Hunt did state that he thought the source of radiation may have been planted, although he had no firm convictions to support this statement.


P. Bissky
Squadron Leader
Investigating Officer
Training Command HQ

DEPARTMENT OF
NATIONAL HEALTH AND WELFARE



MINISTÈRE DE LA
SANTÉ NATIONALE ET DU BIEN-ÊTRE SOCIAL

Radiation Protection Division
Brookfield Road
Ottawa 8

September 15, 1967

Our File: 1107-4-6

Chief of Defence Staff,
Canadian Forces Headquarters,
Department of National Defence,
Ottawa 4, Ontario.
Attention: DOPS 4 (W/C Robertson)

Referred to *DOPS*

SEP 19 1967
File No *2000-4*

Chg'd. to *pe*
SSE

Dear Sir:

Please find enclosed a copy of Mr. S.E. Hunt's report on his investigations at Falcon Lake, Manitoba, during the period of July 26 to August 3. As you are aware, our interest in this matter arose from the fact that contamination was detected in certain samples submitted to us. It was considered necessary for us to establish that there was no hazard to public health from widespread contamination, and to ascertain if possible the origin of the radio-activity. The first objective has been achieved by Mr. Hunt; however, it was not possible to determine how Radium 226 happened to be found at the site in question.

We are always interested in all sources of ionizing radiation, and I would like to assure you of our cooperation at any time in the future if the presence of radioactivity is suspected.

Yours very truly,

A.K. DasGupta, Ph.D.,
Head,
Safety Assessment and Control Section.

Encl.

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MEMORANDUM

CLASSIFICATION

TO : Dr. A.K. Dasgupta
Head
Safety Assessment and Control Section

YOUR FILE No.
Votre dossier

OUR FILE No.
Notre dossier 1107-4-6

FROM : Mr. S.E. Hunt

DATE September 13, 1967

SUBJECT : Determination of possible radiation hazards to the general public from the
alleged landing site of an unidentified Flying Object near Falcon Lake, Manitoba

Introduction

On the 24 July 67 the Physics Section of this Division monitored on behalf of the R.C.M.P. Crime Detection Laboratory, Ottawa, samples of soil, burnt shirt and steel tape for possible radioactive contamination. A gamma-ray spectral analysis of the three samples revealed activity levels of up to approximately 0.5 μCi of Ra^{226} or its equivalent. The samples had been collected from the alleged landing site of a U.F.O. near Falcon Lake, Manitoba. The information received by this Division on the 24 and 25 July 67 supporting this particular sighting and samples were vague and disjointed. Further light was shed on the matter when the undersigned had an opportunity to review the investigation report of the U.F.O. sighting submitted by S/L P. Bissky, (R.C.A.F.) to the Chief of Defence Staff, Ottawa. A copy of this report was made available through the courtesy of Inspector Hendrick during a visit to the R.C.M.P. Crime Detection Laboratory, Ottawa. Appendix A to this memorandum is a duplicate copy of S/L Bissky's report.

The task of assessing the radiation hazard to the general public from the landing site did not initially indicate that it would be necessary for this Division to involve itself in the R.C.M.P. and D.N.D. investigation. However, it soon became obvious to the undersigned that collection and co-ordination of all background information was essential due to the following:

- (a) The apparent lack of cooperation by the principals toward the military and police.
- (b) The exact location of the sighting had not been established at the time of the Division's initial involvement.

The undersigned flew to Winnipeg on the 26 July 1967 where he was met by Mr. D. Thompson of the Manitoba Health Department. Mr. Thompson advised the undersigned that a meeting had been arranged between representatives of the R.C.M.P. and D.N.D. and the Federal and Provincial Health representatives. This meeting was to establish what would be the best way to proceed.

Page Two

Field Investigation Report

26 July 1967, 1330 hrs. - R.C.M.P. Headquarters Winnipeg
met with Superintendent Shark, R.C.M.P., S/L Bissky, R.C.A.F., Cpl. Davis, R.C.M.P., and Messrs G. Rendall and D. Thompson of the Manitoba Department of Health. A briefing of what had happened to date was given by S/L Bissky. This briefing was a very brief review of the investigation report compiled by S/L Bissky. A discussion followed the briefing as to what was the best way to proceed. The following actions were decided upon.

1. Messrs Thompson and Hunt to visit Mr. Earl Campbell of the Manitoba Cancer Clinic to ascertain the exact location of theadium burial ground at East Braintree.
2. Messrs Thompson and Hunt to visit Inland Cement Company to find out if the company has any Ra²²⁶ sources.
3. S/L Bissky, Cpl. Davis, Messrs Thompson and Hunt to visit Mr. Stephan Michalak at his residence around 1900 hrs. 26 Jul. 67.

26 July 1967, 1430 hrs. - Messrs Thompson and Hunt met with Mr. E. Campbell of the Manitoba Cancer Clinic. Mr. Campbell showed photographs of the site and gave us the name of a Mr. R. Kemp who could guide us to the site. During his visit we checked, for radioactivity, some samples of soil and vegetation collected from a Beausejour U.F.O. sighting. The samples were checked on a scintillation counter. There was no evidence of any radioactivity.

26 July 1967, 1800 hrs. - S/L Bissky, Cpl. Davis and Messrs Thompson and Hunt visit the residence of Mr. S. Michalak located 314 Lindsay Street. An attempt was made to persuade Michalak to take us to the site of the U.F.O. landing, however, at the end of the visit it still appeared unlikely that he would go as he felt that he would lose too much money by missing a days work. Mr. Michalak showed the undersigned samples of rock, soils and vegetation collected from the U.F.O. site. These samples were located in his basement. A survey of his basement showed no evidence of any loose contamination. Radiation fields were detected coming from the plastic bags containing soil and the remnants of Michalak's burnt shirt. Michalak was at first unwilling to part with the samples, but eventually allowed the undersigned to have part of the samples from each bag for further analysis. Mr. Michalak has no respect for contaminated materials. He handled the contaminated soil with his bare hands, and was made to wash his hands with great difficulty. During our conversation with Michalak he produced a series of photographs taken by Life Magazine representatives. These included photos of the site and colour photos of the burns on his abdomen and the scorched grid pattern on his undershirt. At the time of this interview, Michalak's wife and eldest son were present.

27 July 1967, 1000 hrs. - Messrs Thompson and Hunt visited theadium burial site at East Braintree (see Appendix B). We were guided by Mr. R. Kemp, Conservation Officer for the Renewable Resources Branch, Department of Mines and Natural Resources for Manitoba. Only one of the steel spikes used

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Page Three

to mark the burial site could be located. However, the area was easily recognizable from the photographs shown to us by Mr. E. Campbell (Manitoba Cancer Clinic). It appeared to us that the soils had not been disturbed as most of the area was covered with vegetation. Another two years will see the area completely overgrown with vegetation. No radiation checks were made as there was a minimum of three feet of sand covering the contaminated materials. The maximum amount of radium located at the burial site is in the area of 12 mgms.

27 July 1967, 1200 hrs. - Met S/L Bissky, F/O Smith, Cpls. Shepard and Reed, all of the R.C.A.F., Cpl. Davis and Constable Zacharias of the R.C.M.P., and Mr. Michalak at the Falcon Lake Provincial Park entrance. After lunch, the above mentioned plus Thompson and Hunt set out for the U.F.O. landing site. This involved crossing to the north side of Hwy. No. 1 and following the route as indicated on the attached map. The entire expedition took about 45 minutes to reach its destination. The site was confirmed as being the correct site by Constable Zacharias who had been taken to it by Mr. B. Thompson of the Winnipeg Airborne Phenomena Research Organization the night before. The landing area of the U.F.O. was recognizable from the photographs taken by Life Magazine, the origin of the circular outline of vegetation in the writer's opinion is debateable. A thorough survey of the landing area was carried out, using a Tracerlab SULL, a Geiger Radiac 5016, and a Civil Defence CDV 700 survey meter. One small area was found to be contaminated. This was located across the crown of the rock. There was a smear of contamination about 0.5 x 8.0 inches on one side of the crack. There was also some lichen and ground vegetation contaminated just beyond the smear. The whole contaminated area was no larger than 100 square inches. All water run off areas were checked for possible contamination, but nothing was found. Samples of the contaminated rock and lichen were taken for further analysis. Photographs of the area were taken by Cpls. Shepard and Davis and Mr. Thompson. Since there was no serious health hazard involved due to the remoteness of the area and also due to the fact that the majority of the contamination was taken for samples, no further precautions were felt necessary at the U.F.O. site. Prior to returning to Winnipeg, it was decided that Messrs Hunt and Thompson would try and establish the source of the radioactivity by paying a visit to Mr. B. Thompson.

1 August 1967, 0900 hrs. - Samples from U.F.O. site and those taken from Michalak's residence were checked under a U.V. light in the Environmental Sanitation Laboratory in the Norquay Building. The samples taken from the U.F.O. site gave an indication that they were contaminated with Radium luminous paint. The samples from Michalak's house did not respond to the U.V. light. These samples were then packaged and sent to R.P.D. Ottawa for further analysis.

1 August 1967, 1330 hrs. - A visit was made to Inland Cement Company where Mr. B. Michalak is employed as an Industrial Mechanic. The purpose of the visit was two fold. Primarily we wanted to find out if the Company had used any radium sources in gauges and secondly to inspect the Company's Ohmart gauges using Cs137. The latter will be dealt with in a separate report. Conversation with Mr. R. West revealed that the Company had never used radium sources either in Winnipeg or Regina, where both he and Michalak had worked prior to moving to Winnipeg.

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Page Four

3 August, 1967, 1400 hrs. - Visited Mr. B. Thompson at his residence at Wakdean Gardens, Suite 312, 66 Morrow Avenue. He advised us that he had no samples in his suite, but had some at his mother's place at 28 Frederick St. Vital. A series of rock and vegetation samples were checked, but showed no activity. Thompson then produced a soil sample that he had obtained from the Falcon Lake U.F.O. site. This sample proved to be radioactive. Levels up to 1 mR/hr were detected. Thompson was most reluctant to part with the sample so it was left with him. The sample was sealed in a plastic bag. A contamination check was made of the area where the samples were, using the G.V. light. The area was extremely cluttered with clutter and a great deal of junk. Several areas responded to the G.V. light, but these did not prove to be areas of contamination, probably photographic emulsion splashes. Thompson appears to be a very sloppy worker.

During our conversation with Mr. Thompson it was established that he worked as a sales representative for a local outdoor advertising firm (Maxlab Products Ltd.). His involvement with APRO was a spare time hobby. He stated that the Winnipeg chapter had approximately fifteen members, four of whom were investigating members. To be an investigating member, it is necessary to be 21 years or over. He stated that the remainder of the organization was made up of teenagers. The APRO organization appears to be a very loose knit organization. Thompson was unable to tell us the names of the other investigating officers. Prior to leaving Thompson, he advised us that he had taken some samples to the Nuclear Medicine Department of the Winnipeg General Hospital. He was unwilling to tell us who had checked the samples as he said the technician had carried out a spectral analysis without his superior's authority. He said that one sample showed a 1.4 mev peak. Two other very weak energy peaks were also detected. Thompson did not know where the samples were presently located. These samples had been given to Thompson by Michalak.

3 August, 1967, 1000 hrs. - A visit was paid to Hart Electronics, 196 1/2 Osborne Street. This visit was arranged at the request of S/B Bissky who had received a similar request from Mr. Hart. A contamination check of Mr. Hart's car and store showed no evidence of contamination. Mr. Hart was concerned as he had helped Michalak collect and carry home some of the samples from the U.F.O. site. Mr. Hart appears to be very interested in "Interstellar Vehicles". He has apparently seen several such vehicles. He even shot at one while duck hunting near Beausejour. Mr. Hart advised us that he was in the process of developing a device which can be used for detecting "Interstellar Vehicles". He did not have the circuitry available as he had loaned it to a friend.

3 August, 1967, 11.15 hrs. - Messrs Thompson and Hunt visited the Nuclear Medicine Department of the Winnipeg General Hospital. Technician, Mr. George Dyck, was contacted. He stated that he had checked the samples submitted by Thompson. His superiors knew about the samples being checked, and, in fact, they still had the samples as they were going to do a second analysis on them to try and determine the isotope by its rate of decay.

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Page Five

Dr. F. Helmuth was introduced to us by Mr. Dyck. Dr. Helmuth had examined the burns that Michalak had received and he felt that they were thermal burns. He said that Michalak had been sent to Pinawa and put in the W.B.C. Although Dr. Helmuth had not seen the results, he understood that no ingested activity was found in Michalak. Dr. Petco at Pinawa had apparently contacted Dr. Helmuth and had suggested that Michalak receive psychiatric treatment. However, Dr. Helmuth didn't feel that this was necessary. Dr. R.J. Walton, Executive Director for the Manitoba Cancer Clinic, was asked by Dr. Helmuth to come over to meet us. Dr. Walton was pleased to let us have the samples as they weren't particularly interested in becoming involved in work of this nature. The only reason they needed these samples was that they had made the analysis before they realized what was going on. Thompson was checking the results of one analysis against the other. The samples will be returned to Ottawa with the undersigned.

August 1957, 0930 hrs. - A telephone call was made to the Manager of Glaxo Products Limited. He advised the undersigned that they did not use any radium luminous or luminous paints for their products.

Conclusions

The undersigned does not intend to prove one way or the other whether S.F.O. has been sighted as there are still too many unknowns. Secondly, in the opinion of the writer such ventures are outside the main interests of this Division.

There are however two conclusions that are of interest to this Division, they are as follows:

- (a) Radioactive contamination of rock and lichens was found at the alleged U.F.O. landing site. The origin of this contamination has yet to be determined.
 - (b) The radiation levels measured were not high enough to create a radiation hazard to the general public.
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SEN/lb

CONFIDENTIAL

R. D. OATWAY, M.D.
F.R.C.S.(Ed.) F.R.C.S.(C.)

September 19, 1967

Capt. E. P. Cardera
Deputy Base Surgeon
CFB Winnipeg
Westwin, Manitoba

Dear Capt. Cardera:-

Re: Stephen Michalak
314 Lindsay Street

Mr. Mickalak suffered first degree burns to the upper abdominal wall on May 21, 1967 near Falcon Lake, Manitoba. He states it was due to a blast of hot compressed air from an U.F. O. which landed near him in the scrub bushes. He was treated at Misericordia Hospital and I saw him the next day. At that time he felt weak, rather nauseated, couldn't eat, had a band-like headache, and forehead felt moist. He appeared rather depressed, 'dazed', apathetic but was rational and coherent. The undershirt he had been wearing showed burn holes with charred or singed

R. D. OATWAY, M.D.
F.R.C.S.(Ed.) F.R.C.S.(C.)

CONFIDENTIAL

Cont'd..... Stephen Michalak

black edges. General examination was otherwise negative. The department of nuclear medicine (Winnipeg General Hospital) (Dr. Helmuth) checked his burn, clothing and blood for radioactivity; apparently none was found. Over the next few days he remained anorexic, nauseated and lost about 13 pounds weight. Gradually his spirits and appetite improved and his burn faded. A complete blood count and sed. rate on May 24th. and 30th. were normal except for a sed. rate of 22 mm/hr (falling to 9) and lymphocytes 16% (rising to 21%). June 1st. he developed a rash on the chest wall -- at first urticarial in nature. This settled in about 3 weeks. On Sept. 15th. he came to my office with a generalized urticaria (erythema and wheals), weakness, dizziness, and some tightness in throat - of half an hours duration. He was given adrenaline and sent to Misericordia Hospital for observation. The urticaria had almost subsided by that evening and he was sent home the next day. It was not felt this had anything to do with his initial burn. He will report if there are any further symptoms.

nettle rash

Sincerely,

R. D. Oatway
Dr. R. D. Oatway

CONFIDENTIAL



DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

MINISTÈRE DE LA DÉFENSE NATIONALE

2000-4 (FLYTRG)

Training Command Headquarters
Westwin, Manitoba
25 Sep 67

Referred to *D Ops*

SEP 29 1967
File No. *✓ 2000-4*

Chg'd. to *PC*

Chief of Defence Staff
Canadian Forces Headquarters
Department of National Defence
Ottawa 4 Ont

Attention: DOPS 4 (W/C Robertson)

MEDICAL REPORT
MR. STEPHEN MICHALAK

Reference: My 2000-4 (FLYTRG) 4 Jul 67

1. Attached for your information and action deemed necessary is a recent medical report from Dr. Gatway, regarding Mr. S. Michalak.
2. A copy of the report submitted by Mr. S.E. Hunt to Mr. A.K. DasGupta, Head of the Safety Assessment and Control Section of the Dept. of Health and Welfare (their file 1107-4-6 dated 13 Sep 67) has recently been received. It is assumed a copy has also been submitted to your Headquarters, therefore, no copy is enclosed herewith.

P. Bissky
P. Bissky
Squadron Leader
for Commander Training Command

Enc

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CONFIDENTIAL

HELICOPTER

H 21 / H 44

SSB / H 34

H 21 / H 44

CH 46 / CH 113 / LABRADOR / VOYAGEUR

ON HER MAJESTY'S SERVICE

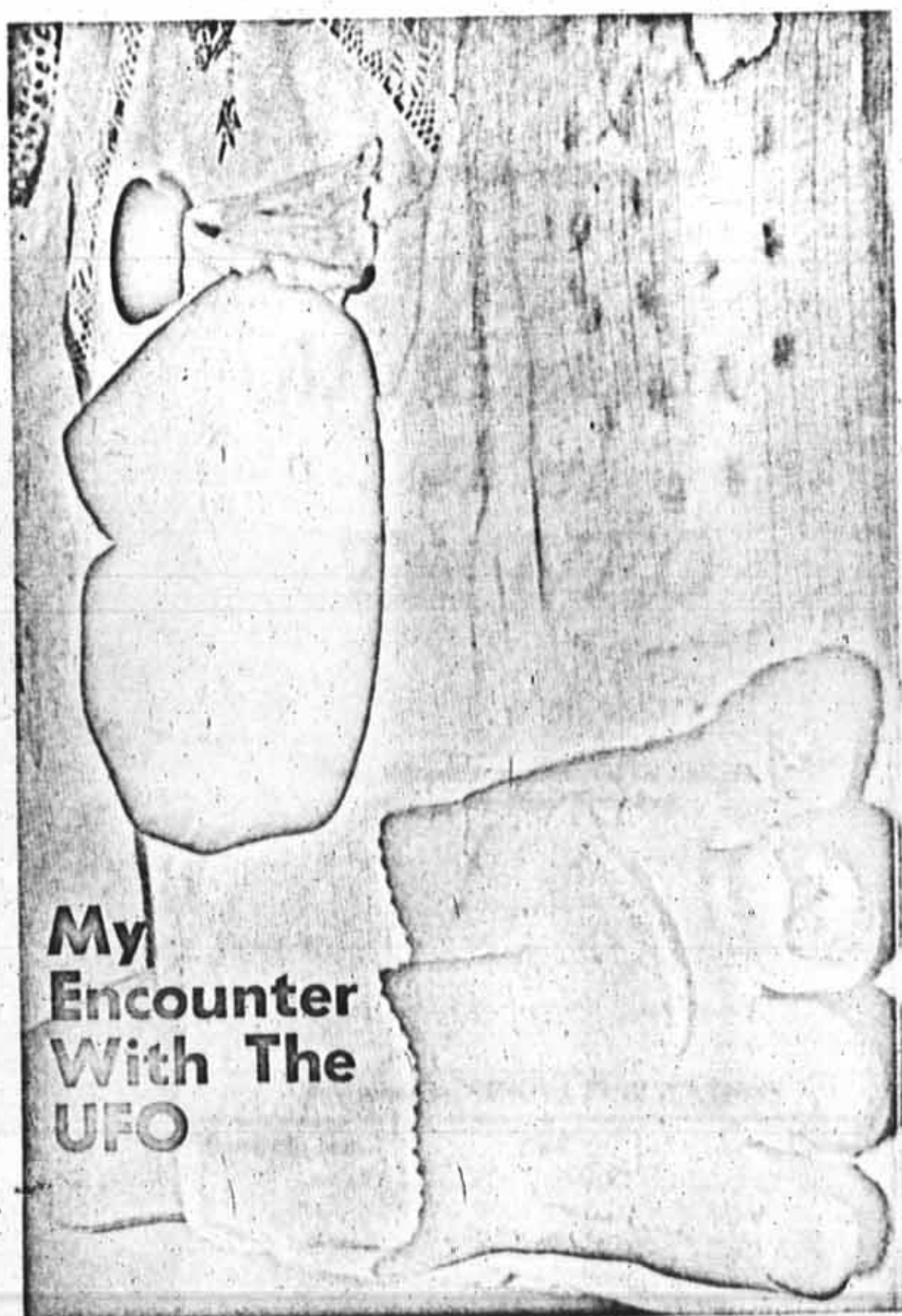
SERVICE DE SA MAJESTÉ

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE
MINISTÈRE DE LA DÉFENSE NATIONALE

PUBLICATION
MY ENCOUNTER WITH
THE UFO!

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**My
Encounter
With The
UFO**

BY STEPHEN MICHALAK

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STEPHEN MICHALAK

My Encounter With The UFO

*From Author's manuscript in Polish
re-told by Paul Pihichyn*

Published by OSNOVA PUBLICATIONS

Winnipeg, Man.

1967

Canada

MY ENCOUNTER WITH THE UFO

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On the front cover: The heat from UFO burned Author's
cap and shirt (note the peculiar pattern) and melted his
glove when he touched the craft.

FOREWORD

When I was approached by Stephen Michalak to write the English version of his story, I was sceptical. I did not believe in the existence of extra-terrestrial life, and the phenomena called UFOs.

After helping with the English translation of the original Polish manuscript by Mr. Michalak I began to wonder if I had been wrong. I wondered if perhaps there could have been a landing at Falcon Lake on May 20, 1967.

But I still wasn't convinced.

I talked to several people mentioned in the book. I read accounts of the sighting which appeared in the press and in magazines. And after weighing all the facts, I felt sure that Stephen Michalak did indeed witness the landing of an alien craft.

A word on the original text. Mr. Michalak has made notes on his observations, and events that followed. Recently he compiled these into chronological account of what happened in Polish, his native language. His only purpose in doing so was to inform the public of this uncanny occurrence and the strange effects it had upon him.

Through talking with him, I have found that he is not a man who would exaggerate or distort or fabricate such a tale. The events described in this book are true.

It is interesting to note that the Canadian Press carried a report on November 6th, 1967 saying that the Government of Canada refused to disclose any information they had discovered during investigation of the claims by Mr. Michalak.

In the words of Defence Minister Cadieux, "it is not the intention of the department of national defence to make public the report of the alleged sighting."

If the investigation had shown that the "alleged sighting" was pure fabrication, is it not conceivable that the government would have made it known, and cleared up any doubts or fears the public may have. But instead, the federal government chose to remain silent. This can mean only two things: either they have definite proof, unknown to Mr. Michalak and myself, or they know something extraordinary happened but can not or dare not explain it.

It is up to you, the reader, to make your own decision.

Paul PIHICHYN

INTRODUCTION

My name is Stephen Michalak. I was born 51 years ago in Poland. After the turbulent years of the Second World War that started in my homeland, and due to the events that followed, I was forced to leave my country and go abroad.

In 1949 I came to Canada, and some years later, settled in Winnipeg, Manitoba. I live with my wife, two sons and a daughter in a modest home. I have a steady income from my job as a mechanic at the Inland Cement Company. Two of my children attend the University of Manitoba. We live a happy, satisfied life of average Canadians, fully enjoying all the blessings this country is offering us.

Up until the time and the events I am about to describe I had no special interest in "flying saucers" and other strange phenomena one hears about time and again I heard and read about them, but they meant to me about as much as the Loch Ness monster. Maybe they are real, maybe not, but I had never been seriously concerned about them.

Not until May 20, 1967, when I, perhaps as nobody else - or at least very few - came in such a close contact with one of those strange objects commonly called UFOs.

How it all began, how I happened to be in the vicinity of the actual landing of the UFO and my strange encounter with it - will be explained hereinafter.

I am what one may call an amateur prospector. For

many years, mostly early in the Spring, this being the most favourable time for prospecting in the wooded and rocky terrain of eastern Manitoba, I go and look for minerals. I have even made a few claims.

When the Spring of 1967 came I decided to spend the first long weekend in the Whiteshell area - lying about 80 miles east of Winnipeg.

So, early in the evening on Friday, May 19th, I took the Greyhound bus to Falcon Lake and settled down for the night in a motel with the idea of getting up early in the morning and "trying my luck", as I said to myself.

Little did I know then what kind of "luck" I was to find the next day.

THE LANDING

It was 5.30 A.M. when I left the motel and started out on my geological trek. I took with me a hammer, a map, a compass, paper and pencil and a little food to see me through the day, - wearing a light jacket against the morning chill.

The day was bright, sunny - not a cloud in the sky. It seemed like just another ordinary day, but events which were to take place within the next six hours were to change my entire life more than anyone could ever imagine. I will never forget May 20, 1967.

Crossing the Trans-Canada Highway from the motel on the south side, I made my way into the bush and the pine forest on the north side. After travelling some distance I got out my map and compass and orientated myself.

By 9 o'clock I had found an area that particularly fascinated me because of the rock formation near a bog along a stream flowing in the southward direction. I was searching for some special specimens that I had found on my earlier expedition.

My approach had startled a flock of geese, but before long they became accustomed to my presence, quieted down and went about their business.

At 11 o'clock I began to feel the effects of the breakfast I did not eat that morning. I sat down and took out the lunch I had brought with me. Following a simple meal of smoked sausage, cheese and bread, an apple and two oranges washed down with a couple of cups of coffee, and after a short rest, I returned to the quartz vein I was examining. It was 12.15, the sun was high in

the sky and a few clouds were gathering in the west.

While chipping at the quartz I was startled by the most uncanny cackle of the geese that were still in the area. Something had obviously frightened them far more than my presence earlier in the morning when they gave out with a mild protest.

Then I saw it. Two cigar-shaped objects with humps on them about half-way down from the sky. They appeared to be descending and glowing with an intense scarlet glare. As these "objects" came closer to the earth they became more oval-shaped.

They came down at the same speed keeping a constant distance between them, appearing to be as one inseparable unit, yet each one completely separate from the other.

Suddenly the farthest of the two objects - farthest from my point of vision - stopped dead in the air while its companion slipped down closer and closer to the ground and landed squarely on the flat top of a rock about 159 feet away from me.

The "object" that had remained in the air hovered approximately fifteen feet above me for about three minutes, then lifted up skyward again.

As it ascended its color began to change from bright red to an orange shade, then to a grey tone. Finally, when it was just about to disappear behind the gathering clouds, it again turned bright orange.

The "craft", if I may be allowed to call it a craft, had appeared and disappeared in such a short time that it was impossible to estimate the length of the time it remained visible. My astonishment at and fear of unusual sight that I had just witnessed dulled my senses and made me lose all realization of time.

I cannot describe or estimate the speed of the ascent because I have seen nothing in the world that moved so swiftly, noiselessly, without a sound.

8

THE CRAFT

Then my attention was drawn back to the craft that had landed on the rock. It too was changing in color, turning from red to grey-red to light grey and then to the color of hot stainless steel, with a golden glow around it.



The type of goggles I was wearing to protect my eyes from the rock chippings proved to be beneficial also when encountering UFO.

9

I realized that I was still kneeling on the rock with my small pick hammer in my hand. I was still wearing goggles which I used to protect my eyes from the rock chips.

After recovering my composure and regaining my senses to some degree I began watching the craft intently, ready to record in my mind everything that happened.

I noticed an opening near the top of the craft and a brilliant purple light pouring out of aperture. The light was so intense that it hurt my eyes when I looked at it directly. Grippled with fear and excitement, I was unable to move from the rock. I decided to wait and watch.

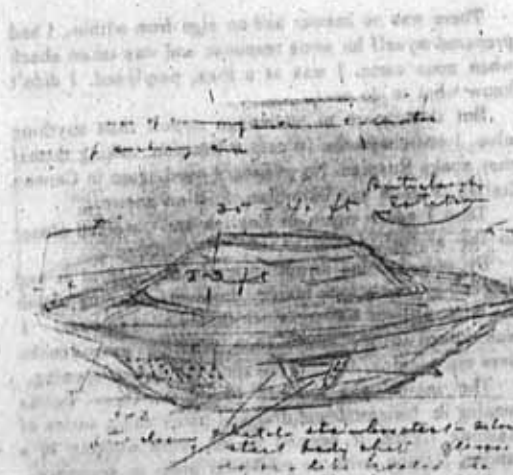
Soon I became aware of wafts of warm air that seemed to come out in waves from the craft, accompanied by pungent odour of sulphur. I heard a soft murmur, like the whirl of a tiny electric motor running very fast. I also heard a hissing sound as if the air had been sucked into the interior of the craft.

It was now that I wanted a camera more than anything else, but, of course, there is no need for one on a geological expedition. Then I remembered the paper and pencil that I had brought with me. I made a sketch of what I saw.

By now some of the initial fear had left me and I managed to gather enough courage to get closer to the craft and to investigate. I fully expected someone to get out at any moment and survey the landing site.

Because I had never seen anything like this before, I thought it may have been an American space project of some sort. I checked for the markings of the United States Air Force on the hull of the craft, but found nothing.

I was most interested in the flood of lights that poured out of the upper reaches of the craft. The light, distinctly purple, also cast out various other shades. In spite of the bright mid-day sun in the sky, the light



Rough sketch of the craft made at the scene of landing

cast a purple hue on the ground and eclipsed the sunlight in the immediate area.

I was forced to continually turn my eyes away from the light which made red dots to appear before my eyes every time I looked away.

I approached the object closer, coming to within 60 feet of the glowing mass of metal. Then I heard voices. They sounded like humans, although somewhat muffled by the sounds of the motor and the rush of air that was continuously coming out from somewhere inside. I was able to make out two distinct voices, one with a higher pitch than the other.

This latest discovery added to my excitement and I was sure that the craft was of an earthly origin. I came even closer and beckoned to those inside:

"Okay, Yankee boys, having trouble? Come on out and we'll see what we can do about it".

There was no answer and no sign from within. I had prepared myself for some response and was taken aback when none came. I was at a loss, perplexed. I didn't know what to do next.

But then, more to encourage myself than anything else, I addressed the voices in Russian, asking them if they spoke Russian. No answer. I tried again in German, Italian, French and Ukrainian. Still no answer.

Then I spoke again in English and walked closer to the craft.

By now I found myself directly in front of it and decided to take a look inside. However, standing within the beam of light was too much for my eyes to bear. I was forced to turn away. Then, placing green lenses over my goggles, I stuck my head inside the opening.

The inside was a maze of lights. Direct beams running in horizontal and diagonal paths and a series of flashing lights, it seemed to me, were working in a random fashion, with no particular order or sequence.

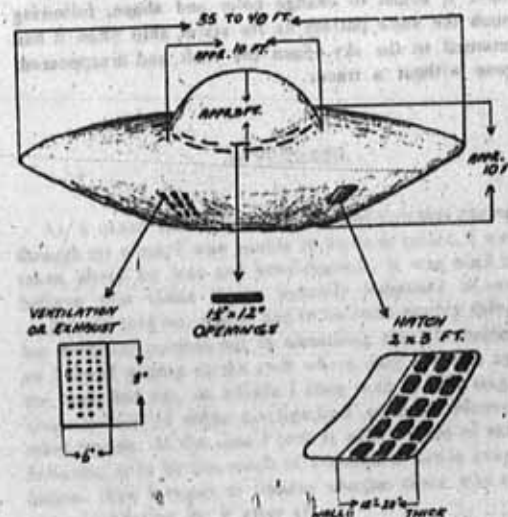
Again I stepped back and awaited some reaction from the craft. As I did this I took note of the thickness of the walls of the craft. They were about 20 inches thick at the cross-section.

Then came the first sign of motion since the craft touched down.

Two panels slid over the opening and a third piece dropped over them from above. This completely closed off the opening in the side of the craft.

Then I noticed a small screen pattern on the side of the craft. It seemed to be some sort of ventilation system. The screen openings appeared to be about $\frac{3}{16}$ of an inch in diameter.

I approached the craft once again and touched its side. It was hot to the touch. It appeared to be made of a stainless steel-like substance. There were no signs of welding or joints to be seen anywhere. The outer surface was highly polished and looked like colored



Pictorial description of the craft based upon the rough sketch made at the scene of landing.

glass with light reflecting off it. It formed a spectrum with a silver background as the sunlight hit the sides.

I noticed that I had burned my glove I was wearing at the time, when I touched the side of the craft.

These most recent events occurred in less time than it takes to describe them.

All of a sudden the craft tilted slightly leftward. I turned and felt a scorching pain around my chest; my shirt and my undershirt were afire. A sharp beam of heat had shot from the craft.

I tore off my shirt and undershirt and threw them to the ground. My chest was severely burned.

When I looked back at the ship I felt a sudden rush of air around me. The craft was rising above the tree-tops. It began to change color and shape, following much the same pattern as its sister ship when it had returned to the sky. Soon the craft had disappeared, gone without a trace.

AFTERMATH

As I stood there with a thousand thoughts racing through my mind, I was unable to move or to act. I was taken aback by fear and bewilderment. It was hard to believe that these things actually happened to me.

Reason told me, that it had to be some earthly thing, but evidence pointed out to something else. I recalled, as I stood gazing at the rock where only seconds ago the craft had sat, an article I once read in Life magazine. It told of other civilizations on other planets, other worlds. At the time I took it with a grain of salt, believing it to be the result of someone's fertile imagination. Now I began to wonder whether there was not some foundation for it after all.

The odour that reminded me of an odour of burning electric motor mixed with a strong smell of sulphur, still hung in the air. Looking down, I noticed some dry moss burning near my discarded shirts. Automatically, I stamped out the fire with my feet. The woods were extremely dry and a fire now could possibly trap me.

Again I turned my thoughts to the events and scenes I had just witnessed. Walking over to the rock where I had left my bag and compass, I began to pick up my things.

When I looked at the compass I saw the needle whirling around, completely out of control, as if some strange magnetic force had been controlling it. Seconds later it became still, working normally.

Somehow my desire for prospecting had vanished. I decided to go over to the landing site and make a thorough inspection of the place where the craft had touched down.

As I approached the site I felt nauseate and my head began to ache. The spot where the craft had come to rest looked as if it had been swept clean with a broom. There was no debris of any kind on the rock. No twigs, bits of stone - nothing. It had all been piled up in a six inches deep circular mound about 15 feet in diameter.

As I stood there examining the spot, the pain in my head became more severe. Waves of nausea increased and I broke out in a cold sweat.

I knew that something totally unnatural had happened to me and, apparently, it was having adverse effect on my physiology.

I might add that up to this time I had been as healthy as any man could expect to be. My weight was a constant 180 pounds, and I had not been sick a day in the last 25 years. The only times I went to a doctor was for the regular insurance company check-ups.

Now it was obvious that something was wrong. Very wrong. I vomitted. A feeling of weakness was coming over me and I became really alarmed. I knew that I must get back to civilization as soon as possible.

I returned to the place where I was when all this happened and gathered up my equipment. Then I started walking back towards the highway and Falcon Lake.

THE ORDEAL

I had not gone far when I was forced to stop and vomit. Again and again my stomach heaved and swayed. My mouth was hot and dry. The pain in my head got worse. All the food I consumed was gone from my stomach, but I continued to vomit - green bile.

The same kind of pink dots that appeared in front of my eyes when I looked at the light in the craft - returned.

I came upon the brook I had passed on my way into the area. Bending down, I slopped water all over my face and head. I had to remain conscious. To stop now would be fatal.

Using the compass was impossible. I couldn't make out the direction of the needle because I was unable to see straight. Instead, I searched for some familiar land-marks. With great effort in every step I made my way in what I hoped was the right direction, praying that every step would bring me closer to safety.

I had to continue stopping every so often to vomit. The ever worsening splitting headache added to my misery. Now I felt a burning on my chest. Red marks had appeared where the hot blast from the craft touched me and burnt my shirt. Some spots were as large as silver dollars. I removed my jacket because it irritated the sores when the cloth touched them. I kept on walking naked from the waist up.

Before long I was to experience another chilling fright. I saw an unfamiliar path which I had not seen

before. I thought that I became lost. But, I reasoned, the path may lead me to the highway. I prayed that it would. I began following it and soon heard cars passing by on the road.

I was desperately in need of medical attention. Sweat ran into my eyes and I could hardly see where I was going as I stumbled along the path and finally got onto the highway.

As I stood there catching my breath I began wondering how I could ever explain the thing I had just seen and experienced. My wife and children would never believe me. And what about my neighbours and friends? It was so unearthly, so unbelievable - like an apparition. How could I defend myself, should people say I was crazy? Hundreds of thoughts flashed through and puzzled my mind. It was impossible to decide there and then what to do. I knew that I must get help fast. That was my first concern at the moment.

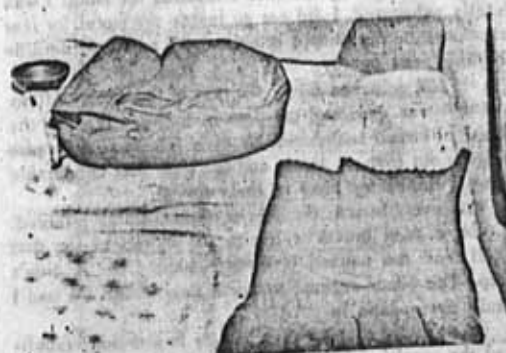
I knew there was an RCMP detachment at Falcon Lake. There, I hoped, I could at least get some medical aid and care. Besides, it was my duty to report to the authorities what I had just witnessed.

I walked out onto the highway and discovered that I was about a mile west of the point where I had entered the woods that morning. I directed my steps eastward, hardly able to move my feet. I made some small progress growing weaker with every step.

My heart-beat quickened when I saw an RCMP car approaching. I raised and waved my hand frantically, but the car passed by without stopping. I was amazed at their apparent indifference to my signalling.

The only thing to do was to continue walking. I made very slow progress; my stomach was still churning and my head was pounding like a drum. My only thought was to get to Falcon Lake as soon as possible.

The odour of "burning electric motor" and sulphur



The hot surface of the craft melted my glove and the heat burned my cap and set on fire my shirt, formed a peculiar burnt pattern on my under-shirt.

lingered about me, constantly bringing back to my mind the things I had seen.

As I staggered along the roadside I heard a voice calling me. Turning, I saw an RCMP constable. Briefly I gave him an account of what had happened - warning him not to come too close to me because I feared the possibility of spreading radiation. I asked about medical aid.

"Sorry, but I have duties to perform here", he said. I stared at him, unbelieving what I had just heard. He, apparently, did not believe a word I told him. Otherwise he would have acted differently.

The constable left me with my sickness and disappointment. Yet I thought: every human being, no matter how small or how great, has at one time or another found within himself great ambition to accomplish what seems to be impossible. I knew that for me such a time had come now.

At long last I was within the sight of my motel at Falcon Lake. My journey took every ounce of strength I had left in me. By the time I reached the motel I was totally exhausted. I did not go inside the motel for fear of contaminating people around me. I remained outside in the woods nearby.

I felt detached from the rest of the world. All my strength was gone and the pain in my head reached the limits of human endurance. My eyes felt as if they were bulging out from my head, and the pain was unbearable when I turned my head to look around.

With every breath, the stench of the sulphur returned. I took a deep breath trying to rid myself of the foul smell and the nausea it brought about, but it didn't help. The odour seemed to come from within me and I could not escape it.

I was afraid that I had ruined my health and visualized the resulting hell should I have become disabled. To the exclusion of everything else my mind centered upon the possible consequences flowing out of what had just happened. The pains continued and became more severe than ever.

By four o'clock that afternoon I could stand it no longer. I got out and went to the motel's restaurant, asking a waitress if a doctor was available. She said that the resident physician would not arrive until July and that the nearest doctor was in Kenora, Ontario, 45 miles east of Falcon Lake.

With this latest setback I had no alternative but to go to my room and rest. There had to be some way of getting medical aid and attention.

I thought of the press. Things that happened to me were definitely news, if nothing else. So I contacted the Winnipeg Tribune - only to find that I had again drawn a blank. It was Saturday afternoon and there was no one in the office who could have helped me.



Large and small pink spots appeared on my chest as the result of burns I received from the heat of the craft

I did not want to alarm my wife, or cause a panic in the family. I phoned her as a last resort, telling her that I had been in an accident and that I had suffered some burns to my chest. We arranged to have my son Mark meet me at the bus depot in Winnipeg later that evening. Now at least I seemed to be getting a little closer to safety.

Returning to my room, I packed and checked out - only to find that I had four hours to wait for the bus! I felt sick, very sick, all cold, and hot, and cold again. I put on a sweater and an overcoat, but the chills kept recurring.

I left for the bus stop long before the bus was due to arrive. Not wanting to mix with people because of the possibility of my spreading radiation, I waited in the background.

As I sat on a tree stump on the boulevard, suffering pain and the stench and the colored spots all around me, I began to reflect upon my life. Flashing through my mind were horrors of the war with its total disregard of human life, its valour and its cowardice. I recalled instances when I had closer brushes with death - and survived. This thought comforted me and I felt that somehow I'll pull through my present harrowing experience.

After what seemed an eternity, the bus arrived. I boarded it and gave my ticket to the driver. He looked at me the way one looks at a drunk. I could almost feel what went on in his mind, but he had no idea how utterly wrong he was.

I moved to the rear of the bus, hoping to separate myself from the other passengers by the greatest possible distance. I wanted no contact with people now. It was a relief to know that I would be home soon.

My eldest son, Mark, met me at the Winnipeg bus depot at 10.15 that evening and took me directly to the Misericordia Hospital.

THE SCRUTINY

A doctor examined the burns on my chest and gave me a sedative. He asked me how I got burnt. Excuses flashed through my mind, and I told him that I had been hit by exhaust coming out of an aeroplane.

At this point I must explain the reason for contradicting the recent events, and avoid confusing the reader. The doctor who treated me was of Chinese origin and, while being a fine and competent physician, I am sure, he was not too well versed in the English language... and neither am I. I felt that there could be some misunderstanding and what's more: I did not feel up to relating the whole story just then. I was thinking how to get home as soon as possible, without any delay that my true revelation might have caused. Besides, the pain I was suffering was too much for me to go through it all again.

My son took me home. After a bath I took a sedative and went to bed - hoping that morning will bring a brighter day.

The following day proved to be no better. The pain was just as bad, the awful stench still lingered in my lungs and the dots still danced in front of my eyes. The vomiting has stopped. It was quite a relief. Strangely, I was not hungry. I realized that I had not eaten since I had seen the craft in the woods the day before.

Efforts to drink a little tea proved useless. No sooner had I swallowed it when I began to vomit again.

I weighed myself and found that I had lost six pounds since yesterday - more cause for concern.

The throbbing pain in my head persisted no matter how I sat, turned or laid down. Only the loyal support and understanding of my family sustained my strength and lifted my spirit.

In the evening Miss Heather Chisvin, Winnipeg Tribune reporter, together with a photographer came to the house. I didn't realize, as I recounted the events of the previous day, that this was a beginning of a long series of questions and harassment by the press, radio, television, Air Force and various authorities.

I did not sleep that night, nevertheless I felt a little better the next morning. I had never taken any medicines before, but now I decided to try some 292s. I took two of them, but they did not seem to do much good.

My wife called our family doctor, Dr. R.D. Oatway. I repeated to him the whole story. He looked at me with what one may call a professional discretion and told me to eat some sugar and salt. He also prescribed some sea-sickness tablets, and more 292s.

He said the burns were only first degree and not too serious, except for one that was more severe and would require a little more care.

The sea-sickness tablets seemed to do the most good; they relieved my headache somewhat.

Later Dr. Oatway left me in care of his colleague, Dr. B. C. Shaw. He also said that I should go to Medical Arts Centre in Winnipeg for blood tests. After Dr. Shaw had become acquainted with my case and after studying my burns he gave me an anti-bacterial skin cleanser and an ointment.

Meanwhile the news of my encounter with the unknown object has spread throughout the city.

One of the people who took a special interest in the

case was Barry Thompson of the APRO*). After hearing my story he stated his belief that the craft was not an earthly creation. He persuaded me to take blood and radiation tests. I was grateful to Mr. Thompson because he was the first person who took my story seriously. He showed me that he knew quite a lot about such matters.

Other people I talked to were sceptical, but I don't blame them for I would have had doubts myself if someone else told me the same story.

Soon the telephone calls began. It seemed that everyone in Winnipeg wanted information about the UFO that I had seen. In my state of health I could not answer all the calls, so my son Mark took up the task.

Many calls were from people who were sympathetic to my situation and I was grateful to them. I only regret that I could not remember all their names.

However, a number of names do linger in my memory. There was Mary Lou Armstrong of the University of Colorado, officials of the BBC and CBC, Prof. James McDonald of the University of Tucson, representatives of the Winnipeg Free Press and the Winnipeg Tribune and many others.

During this time my health made little progress. The most interesting thing was that I did not feel hungry. I had no desire to eat, and I continued to lose weight. I started making a chart and kept a record of the state of my health.

The news of what I had seen was spreading rapidly around the world. Articles appeared in newspapers and other publications throughout the world. Some accounts gave validity to my story, others were quite sceptical.

I was afraid, I think, of ridicule more than anything else.

Press investigations did not stop at my own home.

*) Aerial Phenomena Research Organization.

SUMMARY OF MY HEALTH
from May 20th, 1967 to May 31st, 1967.

Date	Weight	Meals per day	Drugs	Condition	Odour
20th A.M.	180 lbs.	Normal	None	Good	None
P.M.		None	None	Burned throat, vomiting and headache	Strong odour of sulphur and "burning" metallic wire
21st	174	None	None	Blackouts	"
22nd	169	None 1 cup of coffee	292 pill See-sickness pill every 4 hours	"	"
23rd	166	"	"	Less blackouts Headache	"
24th	164	Half a trout, half a glass of milk	See-sickness pill every 2 hours	Vomiting and more headache	"
25th	162	"	"	"	Less odour
26th	160	A few grapes, toast and milk	"	"	Little odour
27th	158	A few apple slices, milk, grapes and coffee	"	"	Very little odour
28th	158	Half a box with orange chicken, milk, grapes, toast and coffee	"	Less headache, better	"
29th	159	1/2 of normal meal	"	Much better	"
30th	160	1/2 of normal meal	"	"	No odour
31st	162	"	See-sickness pill every 4 hours	"	"

Credit improvement in health from May 31st, till June 10th, 1967
when rash developed on the chest. (See text)

Reporters went out to my friends and neighbors asking if they thought I was a stable person, whether I drank a lot, and whether I was the type who bragged and boasted a lot.

Then came the official investigations. The RCMP

and the RCAF. Men whom I did not know and never expected to meet came to my door. They too had many questions to ask. What was my domestic life like? Why was I in the woods at the time? Somehow people seemed to have a genuine interest in my experience, and I enjoyed talking to them.

I was amused by some people who came to quiz me. One could read their characters clearly just by the type of questions they asked. Some would say: "Why didn't you run?", or "Why didn't you enter the craft?" or "Weren't you afraid? I would have been!"

By Tuesday evening following the incident, I was totally exhausted. I could talk to people no longer. I refused to answer the phone. I tried to break off contact with the outside world.

This action only succeeded in creating discontent amongst the public. I began to be regarded as an ignorant anti-social creature. My detractors and critics could not know how I felt, could not appreciate what I was going through. They just couldn't know...

A soldier who has taken part in a battle, who has seen death and suffering can tell his story, and no matter how true it may be or how much emotion he may put into it, there will still be an element of disbelief in the listener. The mass cannot understand an individual. They listen, pass it on and forget it. This is how it was in my case. No one knew what I was going through.

During the next few days I saw Dr. Oatway and Dr. Shaw, a radiologist, Dr. T.D. Craddock, and a skin specialist, Dr. S. S. Berger.

On May 22 Mr. Thompson, in consultation with Dr. Craddock sent me to the national atomic research centre at Pinawa, Manitoba. I was examined for radiation. After

the examination I was told that I was not suffering from radiation and was in no danger. Slowly my health improved.

THE SEARCH AND THE FIND

On June 4th Dr. Ray Craig of the University of Colorado and John Fried of Life magazine called upon me. Together with Mr. B. Thompson, we went to Falcon Lake to try and find the site where the craft had landed.

Nature changes quickly at that time of the year and the forest was very much different now than it had been when I was there before. We searched and searched in vain.

I was sorry that our trip was unsuccessful, but there was nothing we could have done about it.

The same thing happened later when the members of



Dr. R. Craig during the unsuccessful search for the landing site

the RCAF under Sqd.-Ld. P. Bissky and the RCMP went with me to search for the spot.

We even used a helicopter, but it was no use. It seemed as if the place had disappeared from the face of the earth. The men who came with me were disenchanted. I made up my mind that sooner or later I'll find the spot and solve this mystery once and for all.

As my health improved, other reports of sightings turned up. A 13 year-old girl from Winnipeg, Darlene Bagley, reported seeing a similar thing. She made a sketch of it. Her sketch was not unlike the one I had made.

Then I heard about two boys seeing something near Falcon Lake about noon on May 20, the day of my experience with the object.

I found that within four weeks before and after my seeing the object there were at least 20 reported sightings in the area.

Slowly I tried to forget the events that had taken place. I returned to work and tried to get things back to normal.

Then on Sunday, June 10, three weeks after the day in Falcon Lake, I felt an itching in my chest. When I looked I noticed a number of blisters high up on my chest near the throat and a V-shaped rash that ran from the middle of my chest up to my ears.

I went to Dr. Shaw immediately. He examined me, took pictures and gave me some medication. It had no effect on the rash, and after a few days he sent me to Dr. Berger. I saw him for four weeks. During this time he gave me several treatments and the trouble disappeared.

On June 30th I contacted Mr. G. A. Hart, an electronic engineer in Winnipeg. He had offered me help earlier. I knew that he went to the Falcon Lake area quite frequently, so I asked him if I may accompany



Remains of my under-shirt found at the site of landing. Note the peculiar checkerboard pattern created by the heat which also burned my chest.

him some time and perhaps search for the landing site.

He not only took me there but helped me in the search. I looked throughout the woods checking rocks I had seen before, examining chips I had made in the stone and finally, after six hours, we came upon the spot.

Our greatest surprise was to see very plainly the outline of the ship on the ground where it had landed six weeks earlier.

We found the remains of my shirt at the scene along with the tape measure I lost that day. We placed the articles in plastic bags, gathered some samples of rock and earth from the area and took some pictures of the spot.

We also discovered that branches of trees in the area where the craft came down had withered away and died, while all around the trees were flourishing normally.

After looking around briefly we returned to Falcon Lake, marking our way clearly so we could find the spot again.

Back in Winnipeg, I told Mr. Thompson and Sqd.-Ld. Bissky that we had found the spot. On July 2nd they travelled with me to the landing spot and took more pictures and samples.

Later in the week I went to see Dr. Berger because the rash had returned to my face. He again treated it.

Mr. Stewart Hunt of the National Department of Health and Welfare and Mr. D. Thompson of the provincial health department came to me later and with the members of the RCMP and the RCAF gave me a report on the samples.

Mr. Hunt told me the earth analysis showed radiation. He took geiger counter readings in my house, but apart from the earth I had sent in, no further radiation was discovered. They promised to return for more tests.

On July 2nd Corporal Davis and Constable J. Zacharias of the RCMP in Winnipeg came and took me to Falcon Lake. There we met Mr. Hunt, Mr. D. Thompson and Sqd.-Ld. Bissky. Together we went to the spot and made more tests. They said there was some radiation but not enough to be dangerous.

At last the investigation was over. All there is to do is to wait for the final results, but I feel that they will never be made public.

Samples of earth and rock were also sent to Colo

The circular outline of the spot where the craft had sat six weeks ago was still plainly visible



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So far there was no official word. Perhaps our scientists are ashamed to admit that somewhere there is an intelligence and technology greater than ours.

As for the Government, it is possible that they are afraid that they will cause national panic if they reveal all they know, but it seems to me that they should say something definite*).

The public has a right to know whether this thing came from our planet or from another world, whether it was friendly or harmful. People should be told what it was all about.

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"It is not the intent of the department of national defence to make public the report of the alleged sighting," Defence Minister Codrington said in a written reply to questions by Ed Schreyer, NDP - Springfield.
He said the report last spring by Stephen Michalak was investigated by the defence department, the federal health and welfare department and the RCMP.

EPILOGUE OR INTERLUDE?

On September 21st, just five months after my encounter with the craft at Falcon Lake, another strange thing happened.

I was on the roof of the Inland Cement Co., where I work. It started as a burning sensation around my neck and chest. At first it felt as a bee sting, but the pain was too intense and covered too great an area.

I went down to the first-aid room to have the affliction examined. The pain grew worse and my throat began to feel like it was burning. My body began to swell. Tearing off my shirt, I noticed large red spots in the same place where the burns from the ship had been before.

The superintendent came in. After seeing what had happened he took me to a doctor immediately. In the next 15 minutes my body had turned violet. The swelling progressed so quickly that I could not take off my shirt again. My companion could not look at me, he kept turning away. My face must have looked horrible.

My hands looked as if they had been inflated with air - like a balloon, and I could feel my strength weakening. My vision was failing and I could make only dim outlines of things. The room was spinning around and I felt myself fading out into unconsciousness. I felt somebody lifting me onto a bed, but I was not aware of what was happening.

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Later I was taken to the Misericordia Hospital for observation. By 9 P.M. that evening the symptoms

began to disappear, my strength was returning and I began to feel better. I was released from the hospital at noon the following day, and all the swelling and marks had disappeared.

Doctors at the hospital said the swelling was the result of some allergy, but it seemed rather strange that the spots appeared in the same places where the UFO had left its marks.

On September 30th I returned to the place where the craft had landed - to see if there were any other changes. I could not believe what I saw.

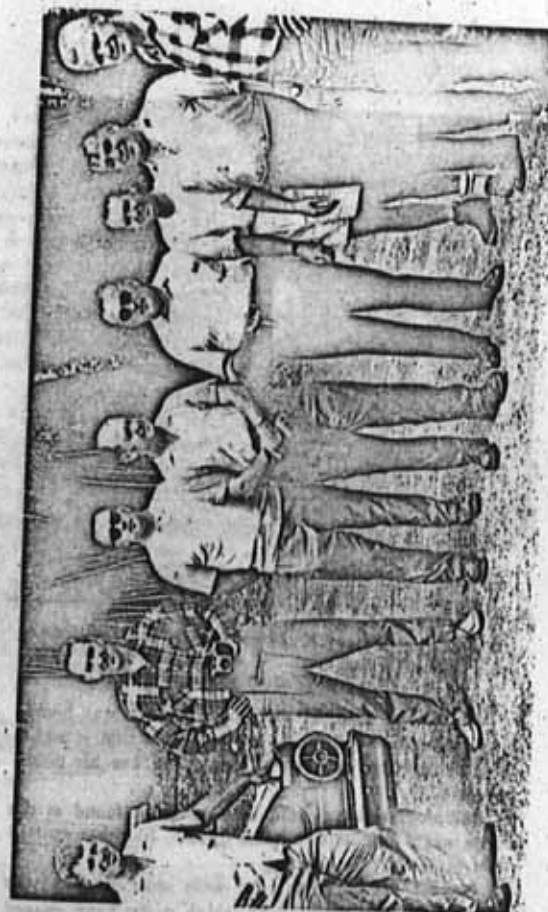
The leaves in the area looked as if they had been sprayed with some killing chemical. All were withered and dead. No vegetation grew within a 50 feet radius of the landing site. The area where the craft had touched down was still visible.

I took more pictures, also a geiger counter reading. It indicated a radiation count of 400 u. R.

I decided to return to the spot next May, one year after the sighting, to see if any changes have occurred and to see if the site is still discernible.

With regard to my health, I have been able to gather certain theories from various doctors and scientists as to the nature and source of the disturbances, their effects and any possible future results owing to the experience.

Members of the official investigation team. From left to right: Mr. Hunt, of the federal health dept. Ottawa; Corp. Davis, RCMP; Mr. Thompson, provincial health dept., Winnipeg; myself; Sgt. Ld. Bissky; Fl. Q. Smith, RCAF, Winnipeg; Const. Zacharias, RCMP, Winnipeg.





The branches of trees in the area where the craft came down had withered away and died, while all around the trees were flourishing normally.

One official said that my shirt and body was burned by ultrasonic waves, while another feels that it was a thermal reaction caused by a blast of hot air under pressure.

Radiologists have said that radiation found at the scene was a product of nuclear fission, like that emitted from an atomic reactor.

Another doctor said there were indications of the presence of the gamma rays which might have caused the burns and the immediate deterioration of food in my stomach which would have caused the awful stench I had experienced.

Yet another interesting observation showed that the amount of blood lymphocytes in the blood stream dropped from the normal 25 per cent to 16 per cent and finally returned to normal some four weeks after the sighting.

A federal report said that contact with the radiation may have caused or may yet cause blood cancer - leukemia.

Now that all seems to have ended as far as the events and after-effects are concerned, I would like to say that the burns and suffering I had endured were not caused by any aggressive moves of the craft or its occupants, as far as I can see.

The contact I had with the ship was of my own choosing and I was burned by the exhaust of the craft as it took off. Probably, if I stayed farther away from



The last visit to the landing scene - September 30th 1967. Radiation was still present with greatest intensity in the spot between the two axes.

the craft I would not have burned or suffered in any other way.

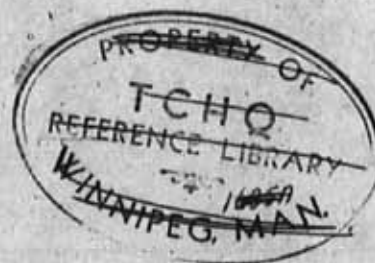
As a result, I offer this warning to all who may also encounter such a craft: keep away from it far enough to protect yourself and take all precautions against similar reactions.

THE END

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DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE
COMMANDER, TRAINING COMMAND



MINISTÈRE DE LA DÉFENSE NATIONALE
CHEF DU COMMANDEMENT DE L'INSTRUCTION MILITAIRE

2000-4 (FLYTRG)

Training Command Headquarters
Westwin, Manitoba
25 Jan 68

Chief of Defence Staff
Canadian Forces Headquarters
Department of National Defence
Ottawa 4, Ontario

Referred to	DOP-4
File No.	JAN 28 1968 2000-4
Chg'd. to	

Attention: DOPS 4 (W/C Robertson)

FOLLOW UP UFO REPORT
MR STEPHEN MICHALAK - WINNIPEG

1. Attached for your information and any action deemed necessary are:
 - a. A Xerox copy of a news clipping extracted from the 17 Jan 68 Winnipeg Free Press together with a photo of Mr. Michalak as he rested in hospital during his recent attack.
 - b. A Xerox copy of Mr. Michalak's book entitled "My Encounter With the UFO", which recently came on sale in the news stands in Winnipeg for one dollar a copy.
2. Although it is understood that NRC now has responsibility for investigating alleged UFO sightings no firm policy has been received to this effect. It would be appreciated if such a directive or policy statement was forwarded earliest as there continues to be numerous alleged sightings which are continued to be reported as in the past. Also there have been numerous requests (which have been declined) for personal TV and press interviews or panel discussions regarding UFO sightings generally, with some specific queries regarding the Michalak case.

Enc


P. Bissky
Squadron Leader
for Commander Training Command

Burns Back, Says Michalak

By DERIK HODGSON

Seven months ago a Winnipeg man claimed he was burned by an unidentified flying object. Today he's in bed under a doctor's care. The burn-marks have returned.

The man, Steve Michalak of 214 Lindsay Street, has a pattern of red welts or burns down his chest and stomach. The pattern is identical to that of the burns he says he received from a "hovering machine" late last May just north of Falcon Lake, Man.

Mr. Michalak was prospecting alone, when he says he heard geese making strange noises. He looked up to see "two objects coming out of the south-west."

Mr. Michalak says that when he approached one of the objects after they landed, he heard voices through an open port. When the port closed, heat came from a pattern of holes — burning his undershirt in a geometric pattern.

He said Tuesday the pattern of burns now returned to his body and he complains of "heat coming from inside."

The 50-year-old industrial mechanic complained of dizziness at work Monday and had to be driven home at 9:15 a.m.

The bright burgundy marks were back across the front of his body.

This is the third time the marks have returned, he claims.

"The spots show up and grow and grow," he said. "Finally, they join up."

Mr. Michalak calls having the burns a "crazy experience" and says doctors can't help him because they don't know what is wrong with him.

He said that sometimes his wrists swell so much they fill the cuffs of his shirt sleeves.

When the burns, or whatever they are, go away, there's no scar left and the skin returns to normal," said Mr. Michalak.

"The heat comes from inside, drying up my mouth... just like I am breathing hot air."

He says it doesn't bother him to think of the Falcon Lake incident and that he's going back to the area in the spring.

"For about an area of 90 feet, (where the objects landed), everything is burned," he said. "I want to see if anything will grow there."

But that's next spring. Right now, burns — or what looks like burns — are etched across the front of his body.

*Two Pages
Jan 17/68*

and 6 are also shown at
Lakeland (12), Red Lake
Fisher Branch (10) and

DAY
8 p.m., Ch. 7: Montreal
Wings.

8 (C), 8 p.m., Ch. 12:
Lyndon Johnson's State of

Ch. 6: The Best of All
satire based on Voltaire's
Evanko, Barbara Shut-
Christie, Eric House,
new (narrator.) At 10:30
and white), with Nicholas
Banas.

11:15 p.m., Ch. 12: Guests
Laziano, Pat Carroll, Lon-
Joyce Brothers.

11:40 p.m., Ch. 6:
Lyndon Johnson's State

Ch. 6: Bottom of the
Cotton, Van Johnson, Ruth
successful attorney, worried
to acknowledge his alco-

DAY
Mr. Denning Drives North
Phyllis Calvert. Murder is
it, but nobody can find

4:30 p.m., Ch. 12: Co-
Pat Cooper, Paul Anka,
Eisenman.

STINGS

8:30 7—Cartoons C
8:45 12—Bugs Bunny
8:55 7—News
9:00 6—F.A.C.T.
7—Romper Room C

Winnipeg
Welfare
announced the
new branch, call-
portunity Services.

Financed by \$154,000 in provin-
cial funds approved during the
last session of the legislature as
well as additional money from
help from federal authorities,
the branch will combine the
operations of a number of
existing welfare agencies — the
community development ser-
vices division, the probation
service of the attorney-general's
department and the Manitoba
housing and urban renewal
corporation.

An interdepartmental commit-
tee has been set up which will
also involve the education, labor
and manpower development
agencies, to supervise the pro-
gress of the program.

A staff of 30 is expected to
administer the program, whose
activities will cover 20,000 people
living in the Lord Selkirk
Park area, the south Point
Douglas area and Winnipeg's
urban renewal district No. 2,
flanked by Main Street on the
east, Arlington Street on the
west, Notre Dame Avenue on the
south and the CPR tracks on
the north.

Operating under the direction
of provincial welfare supervisor
Leon Glasco, the program has
nine basic guidelines:

- To seek job opportunities for local people in business, industry and government.
- To assess the economic value of individual residents.
- Vocational training and job placement.
- To train three seven-member teams of residents in welfare tasks in order to aid professional personnel, who will be directing the new program.
- To develop residents' skills.

200

*True Press
Jan 17/66*

Burns Back, Says Michalak

By DERIK HODGSON

Seven months ago a Winnipeg man claimed he was burned by an unidentified flying object. Today he's in bed under doctor's care. The burns have returned.

The man, Steve Michalak, 314 Lindsay Street, has a pattern of red welts or welts down his chest and stomach. The pattern is identical to the burns he says he suffered from a "hovering machine" last May just north of Lake, Man.

Mr. Michalak was alone when he says he saw geese making strange sounds. He looked up to see objects coming out of the west.

Mr. Michalak says he approached one of the objects after they had heard voices through the port. When the port closed, he came from a pattern of burning his undershirt with a geometric pattern.

He said Tuesday that the pattern of burns now returns to his body and he complains of coming from inside.

The 50-year-old mechanic complained of illness at work Monday and was driven home at night.

The bright burns were back across his body.

This is the third time the marks have returned, he claims.

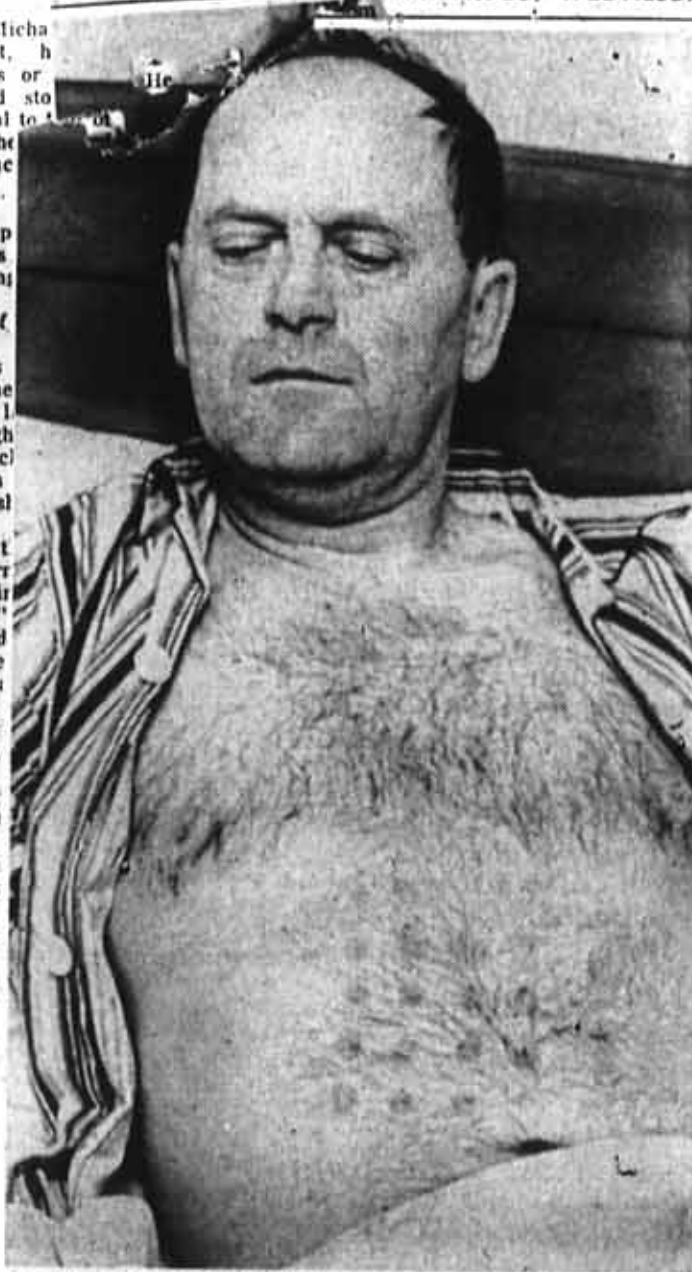
"The spots show up and grow," he says, "and they join up."

Mr. Michalak calls the burns a "crazy experience" and says doctors can't help because they don't know what's wrong with him.

He said that sometimes his wrists swell so much they fill the cuffs of his shirt sleeves.

When the burns, or whatever they are, return, there's no relief.

WINNIPEG, WEDNESDAY



Steve Michalak of 314 Lindsay Street, who claims to have been burned by an unidentified flying object last May, has been bedridden because of the return of the burns he then suffered. The marks, now fading, can be seen on his stomach.

200

Burns Back, Says Michalak

By **DERIK HODGSON**

Seven months ago a Winnipeg man claimed he was burned by an unidentified, flying object. Today he's in bed under a doctor's care. The burn-marks have returned.

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He says it doesn't bother him to think of the Falcon Lake incident and that he's going back to the area in the spring.

"For about an area of 90 feet, (where the objects landed), everything is burned," he said. "I want to see if anything will grow there."

But that's next spring. Right now, burns — or what looks like burns — are etched across the front of his body.



Burn patterns on Stephen Michalak's chest.

It all started on a spring weekend in May of 1967. Stephen Michalak, a 50-year-old cement plant worker left Winnipeg for a weekend of relaxation. Relaxation that never came.

He is an amateur prospector and often went to the Whiteshell area in eastern Manitoba to explore mineral deposits there.

Before the weekend was over, Stephen Michalak witnessed an event that disrupted his life, affected his livelihood and brought him to public ridicule.

So picture now this man searching peacefully in the woods for mineral deposits, enjoying nature and generally at rest with the world.

As he goes about his business, he hears a sound that seems rather strange. A group of geese that had

the first, now comes closer to the earth. Finally landing only a few yards from him.

This second craft has now taken on an oval shape. The color has changed to a glowing white, like molten steel.

Mr. Michalak is fear-struck. A natural reaction under the circumstances wouldn't you say.

He says that he stood there for perhaps ten minutes, unable to move, trying to get up enough courage to examine the craft more closely.

He does not know what it is. He thinks it may be an American or Russian satellite. He is not a believer in the UFO, at least he wasn't then.

Now he finds the strength to approach. He calls in English. No answer. He tries Russian, still no reply.

UFO SIGHTING in Manitoba

by PAUL PIHICHYN

gathered near him suddenly become alarmed.

They jump around wildly, making as he put it, "the most uncanny sounds imaginable."

He looks around, seeking the source of the disturbance.

And there, up in the sky he sees it.

Hanging just above the trees are two cigar-shaped objects. They are slowly descending.

Mr. Michalak says they are glowing scarlet and look "most unnatural".

One of the objects stops in mid-flight. It seems to halt in the air, and then just as suddenly takes off again, and is gone.

The second object, identical to

He studies the craft again, deciding to make a rough sketch. He had no camera.

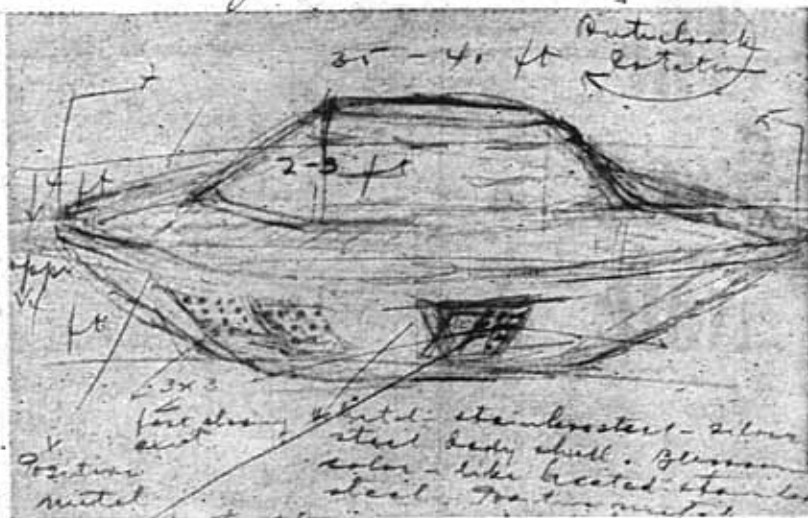
As he is drawing, two panels on the side of the craft open. He sees a ray of violet light coming from within.

Getting closer, he feels warmth coming from the light.

As he touches the side of the craft with his gloved hand, he feels extreme heat. The glove is burned. His cap also touched the side and was burned.

From notes he made at the scene, the craft was described as smooth, made of something like steel; there was no evidence of rivets or joints in the walls.

He stands and looks through the



Actual drawing made at the landing sight

space where the light came. He sees a variety of lights and hears sounds that could be voices, but not in any tongue he had ever heard. As he steps back to take a further appraisal, the craft starts to make other sounds.

First the whirl of an electric motor, then, a sudden rush of air, and the craft lifts upwards.

He is standing directly behind the exhaust outlets. A sudden rush of heat hits him on the chest. And an odor, very unpleasant, like an electric fire mixed with sulphur, is left in the air.

His shirt and undershirt are on fire. He rolls to the ground killing the flames.

The first effects

The odor begins to nauseate him. He feels ill. He vomits. Then again. He feels very weak, almost unable to move.

As he lay there on the ground, looking to the sky, he could see the outline of the craft disappear.

His first thought was to get out of this place, to get back to civilization. He needed help.

He estimated that he was about three miles from Falcon Lake, the nearest town.

Stumbling, falling, tripping through the woods, stopping to vomit every few minutes, he finally reaches the Trans-Canada Highway. He is about a mile east of the town.

His throat is dry. His head is spinning. Nausea grips his body. Thoughts of death cross the man's mind, but his will to live is stronger. Cars pass on the highway, but no one stops to offer help.

Eventually, and to this day he says he doesn't know how he did it, Stephen Michalak reaches his motel.

Here he seeks medical aid. And finds that the nearest doctor is in Kenora, Ont., 30 miles away. Too far for him to go.

Perhaps he should return home to Winnipeg. The next bus leaves at 8 p.m. The time now is 2 p.m. Six hours to wait and suffer.

He tries to rest, but still the nausea continues. He can hardly see, and the thirst continues, no matter how much he drinks.

Eight o'clock comes. He boards the bus, all the passengers stare at him. They think he is drunk. To this point he has told no one of the incident.

Earlier he had phoned home, told his wife that he was ill and would be taking the next bus home. His son was to be at the bus depot to meet him.

After arriving in Winnipeg, his son takes him directly to a hospital. Here he must give the first explanation of what has happened.

The burns he received on his chest have become worse. And his stomach, although empty is wrenching and turning constantly.

At the hospital, he told a doctor he had been burned by the exhaust of an airplane. He was not feeling up to revealing the whole story of what had happened.

He was given a sedative and his burns were treated.

When he got home, he described the events to his wife.

And then tried to get some sleep. Sleep never came to Stephen Michalak that night, and for several nights thereafter.

The beginning of the end

This ended May 20, 1967. The beginning of the end for this man.

The next day was no better. The pain was still there. He had not eaten since the previous morning, but he felt no hunger, only pain.

The next week reporters told his story to the world. Few believed it.

Government men, the RCMP and the Air Force investigated. No results have ever been released.

By the end of the week, he felt well enough to return to work.

His life ran comparatively smoothly for a while. He hoped it was all over.

During this period, he had compiled notes on the events that had happened.

These have since been published in book form explaining the complete encounter.

Three months after the initial sighting, when he was at work, a strange thing happened. It brought back the memory of the agony on May 20.

He was on the roof of a building. His head began to spin, his body swelled up, and the burns, what had remained, grew dark red and became very hard.

He was very dizzy, unable to stand. He was taken to hospital, remained there for the night and in the morning the swelling had gone down and he felt "normal" again.

The same thing occurred three months later, and again in the next three months.

Radiation poisoning

Medical reports have diagnosed it as radioactive poisoning. Geiger counter readings at the landing site showed a strong reading, and his blood count indicated the presence of radioactive material.

Now, Stephen Michalak is faced with the possibility of leukemia. He is trying desperately to get to the Mayo Clinic in Rochester, Minn. He needs expert medical advice. But his finances are poor, and the cost of such treatment is high.

So he must wait. He has lost a lot of working hours and the only extra income he has is the revenue from his book.

This man must suffer, perhaps even die, because he had the misfortune to be in a certain place at a certain time. This situation could happen to anyone, anywhere. It could happen to you.

To help anyone who may come across such an experience, Stephen Michalak offers this warning:

"Don't get too close, don't touch, and don't stay around too long." But he adds that the craft presented no offensive threat to him. He was burned because he was too close. He does not believe it was a deliberate attack on him, just a misfortune, a costly one.



Members of the official investigation team; from left to right: M. R. Hunter, federal dept. of health; Corp. Davis of the RCMP; A. L. Thompson, Manitoba Dept. of Health; Stephen Michalak; Sgt. Ldr. Bissky and F.O. Smith of the RCAF; and Const. Zacharias of the RCMP.

APR 18 '68

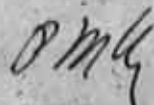
April 17, 1968

Professor Edward Leith
Department of Geology
The University of Manitoba
Fort Garry, Manitoba

Dear Professor Leith:

Many thanks for the UFO report
from the Winnipeg Free Press. I am glad to have
this for our files.

Sincerely yours,



Peter M. Millman

PMM/wm



THE UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA

DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY

WINNIPEG, CANADA

April 11, 1968

Dear Dr. Millman,

At our last meeting of the Meteorite Committee you mentioned the Falcon Lake Non Meteoritic Sighting. When I got home from Ottawa I found the local paper had an article on the latest or most up to-date account(??) of it and thought you might like to have a copy for your files. You can see that it must be an authentic "saucer" because of the drawing made at the site!!!!

Sincerely,


Edward Leith

PRIORITY

OTTAWA

MAY 24 '68

NNNNVVVVV - PCA125 PWA166 WPA083

UU MAY 22 04 16 '68

FM RCCWC

DE RCWPC 4 22/0237Z

P 220237Z

FM CANTRAINCOM

TO CANFORCED

BT

UNCLAS FLYTRG5250

ATTN CFOC OR DOPS -4(LCOL ROBERTSON)

UFO REPORT MICHALAK

REF TELECON DUTY OPS OFF CFOC AND MAJ BISSKY THIS DATE.

PARA ONE. SOAOPS CONTACTED BY MR MICHALAK APPROX 2100 HOURS MAY TO ADVISE THAT HE HAD BEEN TO FALCON LAKE SITE OF ALLEGED FIRST UFO SIGHTING ONE YEAR AGO AND HAD OBTAINED SOME SAMPLES OF QUOTE HARDWARE UNQUOTE FROM THE ROCK WITHIN ONE FOOT OF CENTRE POINT OF CIRCLE IN PHOTO PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED.

PARA TWO. HOME VISITED AND WAS SHOWN SEVERAL METALLIC FORMATIONS RESEMBLING ITEMS WHICH APPEAR TO HAVE BEEN FORMED FROM MOLTEN METAL. HOWEVER TWO LARGER PIECES RESEMBLED AN ELOGATED FIGURE 2 WITH ADDED END SOMEWHAT SIMILAR TO A FIGURE S. LENGTH OF LARGER SAMPLES WERE BOTH FOUR AND ONE QUARTER INCHES IN LENGTH. OTHERS WERE NON DESCRIPTIVE

FILE
DATE
DATE TO
INDEXED BY
MAIN FILE CHARGED TO

CFHO OPERATIONS CENTRE
MAY 22 04 16 '68
DOPS

200

PAGE 2 RCWPC 4 UNCLAS

GLOBS OF METAL. COLOR IN THE MAIN WAS DULL SILVER WITH ORANGE OR BRONZE TINGE ON CERTAIN AREAS ON THE SIDES.

PARA THREE. ALL SHOWN OBJECTS WERE SUBJECTED TO CIVILIAN GIEGER COUNTER AND MAJORITY OF READINGS AT SAEME LEVEL AS THAT OF THE DIAL FACE OF A SERVICE WRIST WATCH ON SAME COUNTER.

PARA FOUR. LARGER OBJECTS APPEARED TO HAVE BEEN CAST FOR A SPECIFIC DESIGN AND MR M INDICATED HE HAD CONSIDERABLY MORE IN HIS POSSESSION BUT WOULD NOT ALLOW VIEWING OR INDICATE THE EXACT NUMBERS ALTHOUGH HE DID ALLOW THAT SOME WERE IN A REVERSE S DESIGN BUT OF THE SAME GENERAL SIZE AS THE LARGEST ITEMS SEEN.

PARA FIVE. ATTEMPTED KNICKING ONE OF THE LARGER PIECES WITH A KNIFE AND FOUND METAL VERY RESISTANT TO KNIFE ALTHOUGH THERE WAS NO NORMAL METALLIC RING WHEN STRUCK BY ANOTHER METALIC OBJECT OR AGAINST A STONE.

PARA SIX. ATTEMPTED TO OBTAIN A SAMPLE FOR ANALYSIS BUT WAS REFUSED ALTHOUGH MR M INDICATED THAT HE MAY BE WILLING TO PROVIDE ONE SAMPLE ON A RETURNABLE BASIS ONCE HE HAD COMPLETED HIS OWN PERSONAL ANALYSIS ; PERHAPS IN A FEW DAYS. HE DID VOLUNTEER THAT PHOTOGRAPHS OF OBJECTS COULD BE TAKEN IN HIS HOME FOR THE TIME BEING AND IT IS INTENDED TO MAKE ARRANGEMENTS TO HAVE THESE COMPLETED IN THE NEXT DAY AND WILL BE FORWARDED SOONEST

PARA SIX. NO INDICATIONS OF MAGNETIC FIELD IN ANY OF THE SAMPLES.

PAGE 3 RCWPC 4 UNCLAS

PARA SEVEN. MR M INDICATES THAT HE IS CONTINUING TO HAVE REOCCURRANCES OF HIS RED SPOTS ON HIS ABDOMIN AT APPROXIMATELY ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ONE DAY INTRVALS ALTHOUGH DECREASING INTENSITY.

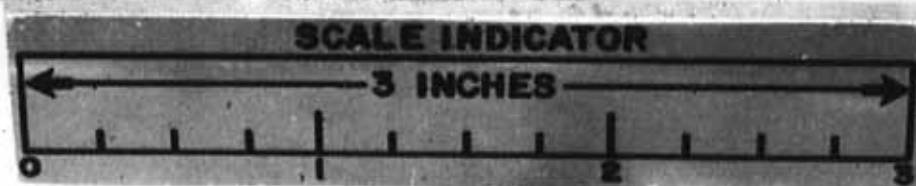
PARA EIGHT. SUBJECT TO MR M ANALYSIS OF OBJECTS SHOULD IT BE FOUND METAL IS OF UNUSUAL RAW MATERIAL FEEL THAT NRC SHOULD BE BROUGHT INTO PICTURE FOR EXPERT INVESTIGATION. IT MAY BE THAT METALS ARE NORMAL LARGE DEPOSITS OF SILVER OR OTHER COMPOSITE RAW MATERIALS FOUND IN THIS AREA. HOWEVER IT IS MOST INTERESTING THAT ITEMS HAVE BEEN LOCATED AT EXACT POINT OF ALLEGED LANDING OF UFO. SHOULD THIS BE A HOAX SOMEONE IS GOING TO CONSIDERABLE EFFORT TO PERPETRATE SAME. AS LARGER METAL OBJECTS WERE LOCATED BY MR M AND AN ASSISTANT APPROXIMATE 6 INCHES BELOW ROCK SURFACE IN A CREVISE WHICH HAD PREVIOUSLY INDICATED AN ABOVE NORMAL RADIO ACTIVE READING FOR SIZE.

PARA NINE ADVISE

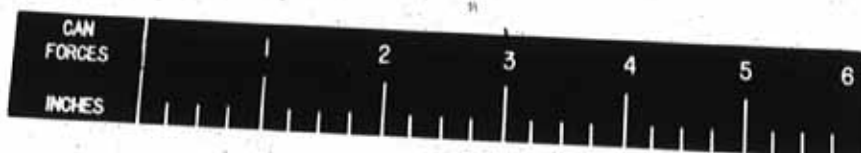
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MESSAGE FORM										V 2000-4 (Vol 4) (DOPS)	
FOR COMMEN/SIGNALS USE										FILE NUMBER	
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FROM CANFORCENED			TO CANTRAINCOM			PREFIX GR			SECURITY CLASSIFICATION UNCLAS		
INFO						ORIGINATOR'S NUMBER OPS 430					
SUBJECT: UFO REPORT MICHALAK REF: A. YOUR MESSAGE FLY TRG 5250 230237Z MAY 68. 1. NRC FORWARD COPY OF REFERENCE MESSAGE. 2. SUBJECT TO MICHALAK CONCURRENCE WOULD APPRECIATE SAMPLE OF METALLIC FORMATION FOR ANALYSIS PURPOSE. MICHALAK TO BE ADVISED THE RELEASE OF MATERIAL IS TO BE FULLY VOLUNTARY AND WITHOUT OBLIGATION											
PAGE OF PAGES		REFERS TO MESSAGE			DRAFTER'S NAME			OFFICE		TEL.	
FOR OPN'S USE		CLASSIFIED YES ☐ NO ☐			LOCAL D.P. ROBERTSON OPS 4			2-5127		RELEASED OFFICER'S SIGNATURE CPL. W.V. TURNER DOPS	
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OND 803 7890-21-562-1596											

COPY 4







A

B

Memo To: Dr. S.C. Robinson,
Chief, G.M.E.G. Div.,

Page 2
June 13, 1968

From: R.J. Traill

Re: Examination of radioactive metallic specimens submitted
by Dr. Millman.

The pitchblende is cryptocrystalline and thorium-free, and is therefore characteristic of the type found in vein deposits. The unit cell edge was determined as 5.39 ± 0.02 angstroms. This small cell-size is indicative of a highly oxidized pitchblende such as has been found typically in the uranium deposits of the Montreal River area and also in some of the deposits of the Beaverlodge camp in Saskatchewan. Uranophane is a normal alteration product of the pitchblendes of such deposits, and hematite is usually associated.

Conclusion

I would interpret the specimens as pieces of thin sheet silver that have been twisted, crumpled, partly melted, and dropped into, or otherwise placed in contact with, nearly pure quartz sand, while still hot. They have subsequently been covered with loosely-adhering radioactive material which consists of crushed pitchblende ore, much altered to uranophane and containing associated hematite. These naturally-occurring radioactive minerals are found typically in the uraniumiferous deposits of Montreal River area and in parts of the Beaverlodge camp.


R.J. Traill

RJT:mf

MEMORANDUM

CLASSIFICATION

TO
A

Dr. S.C. Robinson,
Chief, Geochemistry, Mineralogy and Economic
Geology Division.

YOUR FILE No.
Votre dossier

OUR FILE No.
Notre dossier

FROM
De

R.J. Traill,
Head, Mineralogy Section

DATE June 13, 1968

SUBJECT
Sujet

Examination of radioactive metallic specimens submitted by Dr. Millman.

The two specimens, marked A and B on the accompanying photograph, consist of a metal (silver) coated with mineral grains and powder.

The metal

X-ray fluorescence and electron probe semi-quantitative analyses show that silver is the major element present in the metal. Its content varies from 93 per cent in a fragment taken from specimen A to 96 per cent in a fragment from B. Copper and cadmium are also known to be present, probably at about the 1 to 2 per cent concentration level. The silver content is similar to that found in commercially available sterling silver or sheet silver. The metal does not contain radioactive elements. The specimens exhibit creases, crenulations and twisted forms as well as some globular and rounded areas that suggest strongly that they were originally pieces of thin sheet silver that has been crumpled and broken, and partly melted.

The coating minerals

One side of specimen A and all of specimen B is coated with a layer of quartz sand. This sand is of the type used for glass manufacture and as a foundry sand, and consists almost entirely of well-sized, rounded and frosted quartz grains. The grains are indented into and adhering to the silver apparently as a result of having come into contact with the metal in a partly molten condition.

In addition to the coating of quartz grains, the specimens are also covered with an outer, loosely adhering layer of fine-grained minerals that contribute the radioactivity. This layer is held together in part by a moist substance and is readily removed by washing with alcohol and brushing lightly with a soft camel hair brush.

An X-ray fluorescence analysis shows that the radioactivity associated with this layer is due to uranium. Further study showed that the uranium is present mainly as uranophane, a secondary uranium silicate mineral commonly formed by alteration of primary uranium minerals. A few fragments of pitchblende which partly altered to uranophane were also identified. The remainder of the material consists of fine-grained quartz and feldspar and numerous tiny, hollow spheres of hematite.

(cont'd p. 2)

200

UFO man says story suppressed

WINNIPEG (CP) — Stephen Michalak has suggested that government fears of causing "national panic" are behind refusals to release official findings on his 1967 claim of seeing and touching an unidentified flying object.

In an illustrated, 40-page pamphlet he had published after what he called his "ordeal," Mr. Michalak said he believes that results of the inquiries would "never be made public."

Barry Mather, MP (NDP—Surrey), asked Wednesday in the Commons for the tabling of Royal Canadian Mounted Police, air force, welfare department, geological survey and National Research Council reports on the incident.

Donald S. Macdonald, government House leader, refused the request but gave no reasons for doing so. There was a similar refusal in November, 1967.

In his pamphlet, Mr. Michalak, 52, gives an account of what members of various teams told him when they accompanied him to where he said a strange craft landed May 20, 1967, in the Falcon Lake area 80 miles east of Winnipeg.

Mr. Michalak said Stewart Hunt of the federal health and welfare department took samples from the landing area and reported later there was radiation, but not enough to be harmful.

Mr. Michalak, an amateur prospector, said he spotted two cigar-shaped objects shortly after noon while working a bush area near the resort centre. One hovered and the other landed. The airborne object flew away a few seconds later.

Mr. Michalak says he touched the craft, which he described as about 40 feet in diameter, and burned his glove, stuck his head inside a hatch and saw a profusion of flashing lights.

The hatch closed and he was burned as the craft took off.

Mr. Michalak was treated at hospital for burns to his chest, severe head pains, loss of weight and vomiting. He was sent by his doctor to the atomic research establishment at Pinawa, Man., for tests on his burns. The findings were not made known.

MUM ON RE Says

WINNIPEG (CP) — Stephen Michalak has suggested government fears of causing "national panic" are behind refusals to release official findings on his 1967 claim of seeing and touching an unidentified object.

In an illustrated, 40-page pamphlet he had published after what he called his "ordeal," Mr. Michalak, 52, said he believes that results of the inquiries would "never be made public."

"As for the government, it is possible that they are afraid that they will cause a national panic if they reveal all they should say something else," he wrote.

Barry Mather, NDP-MP—Surrey, asked Wednesday

Friday, November 15, 1968

The Ottawa

'Panic' Over UFOs

Scientists have said that what was found at the scene was not evidence of nuclear fission, like that emitted from an atomic reactor.

Michalak, an amateur prospector, said he spotted two cigar-shaped objects shortly after noon while working a bush area near the resort centre. One hovered and the other landed. The airborne object flew away a few seconds later.

EAR SOUNDS

he overcame his initial shock, he said, he thought he heard sounds similar to some-thing English and con- sidered the craft was a United States vehicle. He said he called it received no reply.

Michalak says he touched the craft, which he described as about 40 feet in diameter, and

burned his glove, stuck his head inside a hatch and saw a profusion of flashing lights.

The hatch closed and he was burned as the craft took off.

Investigators later found a circular area where the craft landed, he said. Vegetation in the immediate vicinity had died. His burned shirt and glove also were found.

Friday, November 15, 1968

The Ottawa

MUM ON REPORT

Says Gov't Fears 'Panic' Over UFOs

WINNIPEG (CP) — Stephen Michalak has suggested that government fears of causing "national panic" are behind refusals to release official findings on his 1967 claim of seeing and touching an unidentified flying object.

In an illustrated, 40-page pamphlet he had published after what he called his "ordeal," Mr. Michalak, 52, said he believes that results of the inquiries would "never be made public."

"As for the government, it is possible that they are afraid that they will cause national panic if they reveal all they know, but it seems to me that they should say something definite," he wrote.

Barry Mather, NDP MP for Surrey, asked Wednesday in the

Commons for the tabling of RCMP, air force, welfare department, geological survey and National Research Council reports on the incident.

In his pamphlet, Mr. Michalak, 52, gives an account of what members of various teams told him when they accompanied him to where he said a strange craft landed May 20, 1967, in the Falcon Lake area 80 miles east of Winnipeg.

He said he pieced together what members of various official teams said had caused his burns and ill health following the incident.

"One official said my shirt and body was burned by ultrasonic waves, while another feels that it was a thermal reaction caused by a blast of hot air under pressure," he wrote.

"Radiologists have said that radiation found at the scene was a product of nuclear fission, like that emitted from an atomic reactor."

Mr. Michalak, an amateur prospector, said he spotted two cigar-shaped objects shortly after noon while working a bush area near the resort centre. One hovered and the other landed. The airborne object flew away a few seconds later.

FAMILIAR SOUNDS

After he overcame his initial fear, he said, he thought he heard sounds similar to someone speaking English and concluded the craft was a United States vehicle. He said he called out but received no reply.

Mr. Michalak says he touched the craft, which he described as about 40 feet in diameter, and

burned his glove, stuck his head inside a hatch and saw a profusion of flashing lights.

The hatch closed and he was burned as the craft took off.

Investigators later found a circular area where the craft landed, he said. Vegetation in the immediate vicinity had died. His burned shirt and glove also were found.

Abstract from letter to Mr. Brian C. Cannon dated February 4, 1969, from Peter M. Millman, Head of Upper Atmosphere Research, National Research Council, Ottawa.

"I have checked the matter of the descriptions of radioactivity on the Michalak file, DND/UAR/N200, and you are quite right, some people may well be confused. All types of radioactivity described could well be produced by the same source which is best described in the report by Dr. Traill of the analyses of the metallic specimens found at the site. In other words, all the radioactivity observed could well have been produced by finely crushed uranium ore of the type common at certain uranium mines in Canada. Certainly this was what produced the radioactivity in the metallic specimens, and it is highly probable that the same source produced all the other radioactivity reported."

P. M. Millman
4/2/69

minister's interest in the agricultural industry, but his disregard for it is also very evident.

In his speech the minister said that 95 per cent of the people escape paying estate tax altogether, that in fact all the estate tax collected is paid by 5 per cent of the people, and that half of the amount collected in estate taxes is collected from estates of \$500,000 or more. This is the way it has been up until this time.

Mr. Benson: No, the way it will be.

Mr. Horner: That is the way it will be. Well, that is a very debatable figure. If the minister had a record of being in any way correct in his forecasting one could perhaps put more faith in him, but as his record has not been too good in that regard one can hardly blame the farmers for paying very little attention to his forecast.

Dealing with estates worth \$500,000 I point out that there are many farms and ranches in western Canada worth that amount, in fact, nearly 50 per cent of the farms and ranches in western Canada. In his opening statement the minister said that the maximum estate tax rate would be reduced from 54 per cent to 50 per cent, but he is lowering the amount of the estate to which the 50 per cent rate will apply. The maximum rate used to apply to an estate worth \$1,500,000 or more. Now it will apply to estates of \$300,000. I call it, five o'clock, Mr. Speaker.

PROCEEDINGS ON ADJOURNMENT MOTION

SUBJECT MATTER OF QUESTIONS TO BE DEBATED

The Acting Speaker (Mr. Béchard): Order. It is my duty, pursuant to Standing Order 40, to inform the house that the questions to be raised tonight at the time of adjournment are as follows: The hon. member for Vancouver-Kingsway (Mrs. MacInnis)—Consumer Affairs—establishment of joint committee on price stability; the hon. member for Victoria-Haliburton (Mr. Scott)—Transport—leasing of water lots on canal systems; the hon. member for St. John's West (Mr. Carter)—Housing—removal of tax on building materials.

It being five o'clock the house will now proceed to the consideration of private members' business as listed on today's order paper, namely, notices of motions (papers), private bills, public bills.

[Mr. Horner.]

MOTIONS FOR PAPERS

UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS

SIGHTING BY MR. STEVE MICHALAK IN 1967

Mr. Barry Mather (New Westminster) moved:

That an order of the house do issue for a copy of all letters, reports, studies or other data in respect to an exchange by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, the Royal Canadian Air Force, the Department of National Health and Welfare, the Geological Survey of Canada and the National Research Council of Canada regarding the sighting in 1967 by Mr. Steve Michalak of an unidentified flying object.

• (5:00 p.m.)

He said: Mr. Speaker, I do not want to take up the time of the house at any great length on the matter referred to in notice of motion No. 19 which asks for an order for a copy of all letters, reports and so on, the details of which you have just read. I do, however, have a few points I should like to put forward. First, there is the failure of the government to table the papers referred to and the significance of that failure as it bears upon the rights of members of parliament in representing the people of Canada. Second, I wish to comment on the present situation in our official dealings in respect of reported sightings of u.f.o.'s or flying saucers.

At the outset may I say that in respect of u.f.o.'s I am an agnostic. I neither believe nor disbelieve; I just do not know. I have no special interest in the matter. Indeed, the first time I heard the term u.f.o. I thought it had to do with the United Farmers of Ontario. So I am by no means a flying saucer devotee.

My reason for bringing up the matter in the first place and later and in asking for the tabling of papers was simply to comply with a request from constituents who, as are many other Canadians, are much interested in what reportedly happened to Mr. Stephen Michalak in eastern Manitoba last May when he was prospecting near Falcon Lake. According to Mr. Michalak, who later published a pamphlet on his experience, about noon that day he saw two oval-shaped objects glowing an intense scarlet approach overhead. While one stopped in mid-air the other landed on a flat rock nearby. After a few moments its companion resumed flight and swiftly disappeared. Overcoming his shock Mr. Michalak approached the landed object. He described the appearance of it in detail. He later touched it and the touch burned his rubber glove.

Mr. Michalak states that the object tilted up and released a sharp beam of heat that scorched his chest. It continued upward and disappeared. Immediately after this Michalak states that he experienced severe headaches and nausea and with difficulty returned to his home in Winnipeg. He later lost weight and developed a rash and other symptoms which were never clearly diagnosed.

It was this reported happening and the interest by my constituents which prompted me to write the National Research Council section which receives or records such sightings. I asked for a report on it. I was told that R.C.M.P., R.C.A.F., Health and Welfare and Geological Survey of Canada reports have been received by the branch, and while these would be made available to me to read if I would go to that office the branch would not agree to table the material.

It seemed to me then and now that this material should be made available to all members of parliament in the usual way so that it could be studied by any interested member. With this in mind, in October, 1968, I asked for the production of papers. When this was refused and the data was not tabled in the house I took the step of transferring the matter for debate.

I believe that in the field of unidentified flying objects the Canadian government does not show enough serious concern. The position of the government agency is exemplified by a statement in a letter to me from the head of the upper atmosphere research section of the radio and electrical division, National Research Council of Canada on September 27, 1968, which reads as follows:

In March of this year the N.R.C. accepted the responsibility for filing and cataloguing all u.f.o. reports sent to the federal government. We keep these on the non-meteorite sighting file which is maintained as an auxiliary file to the fireball report file. This office acts as a co-ordinating headquarters, etc. It should be understood that we do not actively solicit non-meteorite sightings, nor do we in general carry out field work of such sightings unless they show a fairly definite promise of giving useful scientific information—

In other words, there is no real or active interest by this division in the very large and conceivably important area of u.f.o. information. This government agency is out of tune with the desire for more knowledge in this new field by a great many serious-minded North Americans. It is estimated that no less than five million Americans now claim they have seen u.f.o.'s, and the United States government recently received a detailed report by a special body which spent some years and

half a million dollars to investigate alleged sightings. The fact that the report was of the opinion, in brief, that there was nothing to the stories and reports of u.f.o. incidents immediately around criticism by a number of scientifically oriented groups who are or appear to be very well informed to the contrary.

At any rate, I believe that in Canada we should have a more tangible policy regarding u.f.o. investigations. I think the government should table all information available pro and con about these phenomena. I think we should also consider that our own little earth is now sending out flying objects, and if life exists on other planets the flying objects which the U.S.A. and the U.S.S.R. are sending into space may very well appear to that form of life to be unidentified flying objects.

In conclusion, Mr. Speaker, I find the following brief comments by some well informed people of interest: "The existence of these machines is evident and I have accepted them absolutely"—Air Chief Marshal Lord Dowding; "I believe extra-terrestrial intelligences are watching the earth and have been visiting us for millenia in their flying saucers"—Dr. Hermann Oberth, rocket scientist; "I believe in u.f.o.'s"—Knut Hammarskjöld, Director General of Internal Air Transport Association; "the hypothesis that these u.f.o.'s are extra-terrestrial surveillance... I regard as most likely"—Dr. James McDonald, physicist; "at first, without any question at all, I thought it was stuff and nonsense, but not any more"—Dr. J. Allen Hynek, astrophysicist.

I have two points. I think the papers should be tabled so that we can all find out what they say, and I believe Canada through its agency in this field should take a more serious interest in establishing the facts.

(5:10 p.m.)

[Translation]

Mr. Yves Forest (Parliamentary Secretary to the President of the Privy Council): Mr. Speaker, the hon. member for Surrey (Mr. Mather) has filed a notice of motion transferred for debate in which he asks that an order of the house do issue for all letters, reports, documents, etc. from the R.C.M.P., the R.C.A.F., the Department of National Health and Welfare, the Geological Survey of Canada and the National Research Council concerning a flying saucer or at any rate an unidentified flying object sighted by Steve

87-1988-9

Michalak who, if I understand well, is a constituent of the hon. member, and we understand his interest for that individual.

The hon. member raised two points, the second of which precisely takes into account the fact that he is not an expert in the matter of flying saucers and I think that I could say so myself.

An hon. Member: You have never been in one?

Mr. Forest: I have never travelled in a flying saucer.

But the hon. member mentioned that he was specially concerned about his constituent, and his intervention was aimed at drawing the government's attention to those who claim having seen flying saucers. He mentioned a report recently published in the United States, which does not give much credit to the statements of alleged witnesses. I do not think the government will establish a royal commission on that matter, but I am sure the Department of National Defence and the Research Council of Canada carry out routine investigations about those who claim having seen, in the skies over Canada, unidentified flying objects.

But I am coming back to his first question, in which he asked that the documents be tabled to enable hon. members to read them and get a clearer picture of the situation.

The hon. member will understand that the government does not have much to conceal on a subject like this. As to the request of the hon. member for the complete file, the latter includes some documents which are marked "confidential", such as advice, opinions or reports which have not usually been made public in the past for obvious reasons. If the government were to divulge publicly these opinions or confidential documents every time it is requested to do so, I would think that the departmental officials concerned would not be very inclined to offer candid opinions or to submit complete reports.

On the other hand, I want to inform the hon. member that I have the complete file containing some reports, including articles which have been published in newspapers by various reporters. It is a complete file from which a few pages have simply been removed. They are interdepartmental reports or others originating from officials who may have expressed opinions which in no way affect the nature of the file and the publication of which would not be in the public interest. Any other procedure would, I think,

(Mr. Forest.)

create a dangerous precedent that would not contribute to the good administration of the country's business and such has been the policy of the present and preceding governments.

If the hon. member is willing to approve this suggestion, we would be ready to table a complete file immediately and hon. members could thus be informed of this interesting question raised by the hon. member for Surrey.

[English]

Mr. Mather: If I am in order, I should like to thank the hon. member for the offer he has made and accept it.

[Translation]

Mr. Forest: Mr. Speaker, I am ready to table the report asked for by the hon. member for Surrey, according to the proposal that he has just approved, with the reservation that some confidential documents have been removed from the file.

[English]

The Acting Speaker (Mr. Béchard): Under the circumstances, does the hon. member for Surrey wish to withdraw his motion?

Mr. Mather: I do, Mr. Speaker, and I again thank the government for tabling the documents.

The Acting Speaker (Mr. Béchard): By unanimous consent the motion is withdrawn.

Order discharged and motion withdrawn.

SUPREME COURT OF CANADA

LANGUAGE USED IN RENDERING JUDGMENTS

On the order:

Mr. Fortin—That an humble Address be presented to His Excellency praying that he will cause to be laid before this House a return showing, since the Supreme Court of Canada was instituted (a) the number of judgments rendered by judges whose mother tongue was French and, of those, the number of judgments rendered (i) in French (ii) in English; (b) of the judgments rendered in English by judges whose mother tongue is French, the number of judgments respecting Quebec (c) the number of judgments rendered in French by judges whose mother tongue is English.

[Translation]

Mr. Jean-Charles Gantin (Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Justice): Mr. Speaker, I have one remark. It is not, for myself or the government, a matter of taking the hon. member by surprise. I know he is not here. I want to state this: There is absolutely nothing else to add, with regard to this

24.12.69

Dr. J.R.G. Keyston

Request from Mr. Stephen Michalak

Re your memo concerning the letter from Stephen Michalak, dated December 8, 1969, the original of the drawing he requests was not on the Michalak file when we received it from the Department of National Defence in March, 1968, nor was there any evidence that the original had ever been on the file. An 8 x 10 photographic print of the original drawing was on the file and this print is stamped on the back with the number WG 67348-2. There is also a clipping, taken from the Winnipeg Tribune of Monday, May 22, 1967, with a picture of Mr. Michalak holding the original drawing.

As you suggested in our phone conversation, we should contact other departments to ascertain whether they have knowledge of the location of the original of the drawing. The following were involved in the early investigation, commenced in May, 1967

w/c D.F. Robertson, Ops. 4, Ottawa NDHQ/R.C.A.F.

S/L P. Bissky, Training Command H.Q., Westwin, Man.

W.E. Cowie, ~~DBB~~, Defence Chemical Biological and Radiation Laboratories.

S.E. Hunt, Department of National Health and Welfare,
Radiation Protection Division, Brookfield Rd., Ottawa 8, Ont.

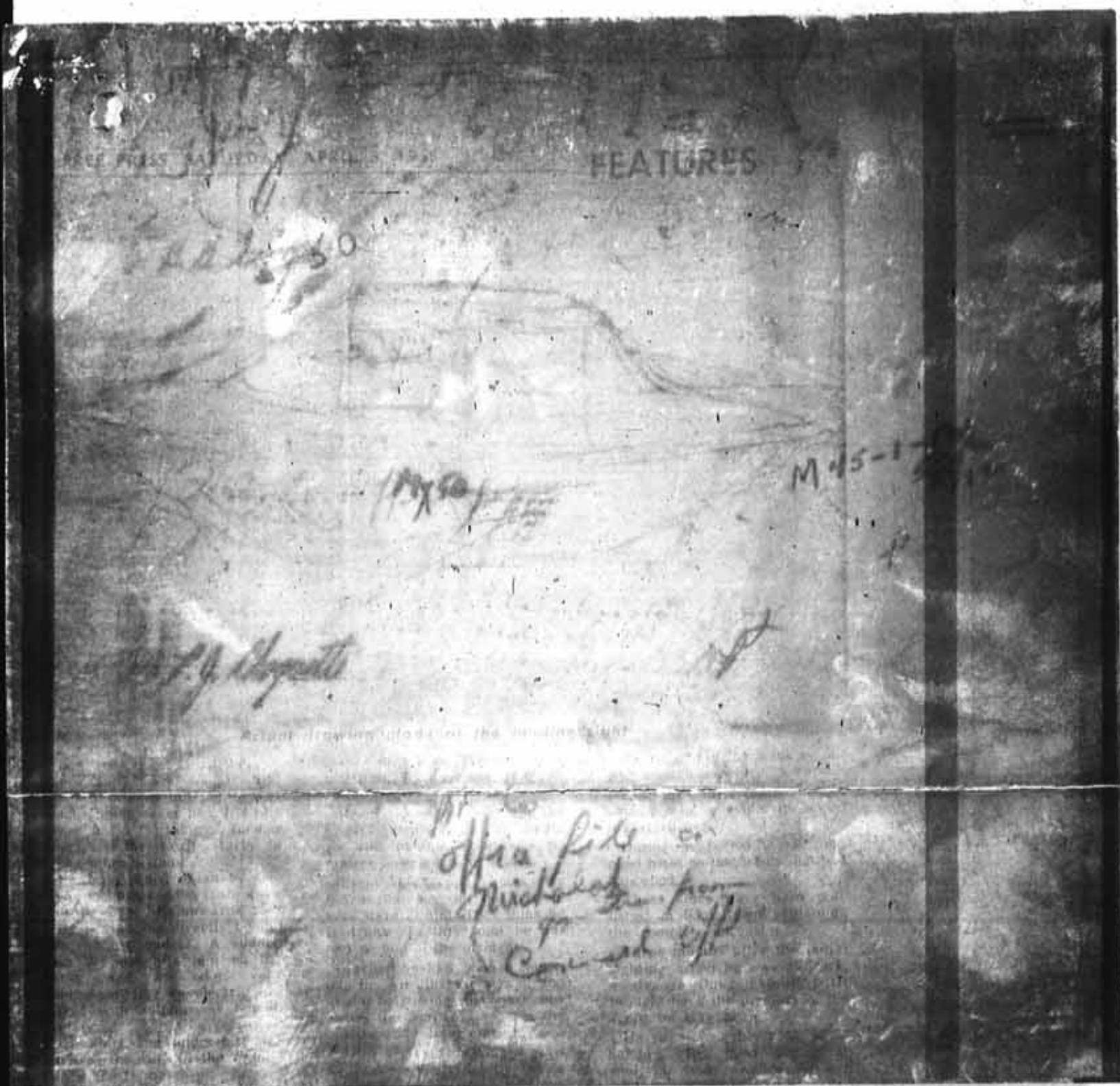
Cpl. J. Davis and Const. J. Zackarais, R.C.M.P., CID, Winnipeg

D. Thompson, Manitoba Health and Welfare Department, Winnipeg.

Peter M. Millman.

PMM:ls

PMM



RCMP 10 OTT

1 PRIORITY/FAX WPG DEC22 UNCLAS

COMM 0TT

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

DEC 22 3 15 PM '69

CIB5451 REUR CIB4402/3 H.Q. 400-0-5 (10) U.F.O. ORIGINAL

SKETCH IN POSSN OF MICHALAK WHO WOULD NOT RELEASE WHEN REQUESTED
TO DO SO DURING THE INVESTIGATION. COPIES OF SKETCH FROM PRESS
RELEASE BEING DISPATCHED BY FAX PHOTO WITH EXTRA COPIES IN MAIL

D DIV

RCMP 10 OTT

CORRESPONDENCE TO
BE ADDRESSED TO
THE COMMISSIONER
ROYAL CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE
OTTAWA 7, CANADA



HEADQUARTERS - DIRECTION GÉNÉRALE

TOUTE CORRESPONDANCE DOIT
ÊTRE ADRESSÉE COMME SUIV:
LE COMMISSAIRE
GENDARMERIE ROYALE DU CANADA
OTTAWA 7, CANADA

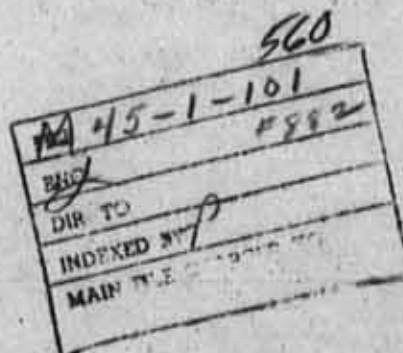
YOUR NO.
VOTRE N°

OTTAWA 7, CANADA

OUR NO. HQ-400-Q-5 (10)
NOTRE N°

December 24, 1969.

Mr. Pierre Choquette,
Administrative Planning Services,
National Research Council,
Building M - 58,
OTTAWA 7, Ontario.



Dear Sir:

Re: Stefan MICHALAK -
Report of Unidentified
Flying Object,
Falcon Beach, Manitoba
20 MAY 67.

This is further to telephone conversation
between yourself and Sgt. Bisailion of my staff.
Attached is a copy of telex message CIB 5451 together
with photofaxed sketch mentioned in the telex. Perusal
of all R.C.M.P. files has failed to reveal the presence
of the original sketch and we have no record which would
indicate that it ever entered into the possession of a
member of our Force.

Yours truly,

R.E. Muir, S/Insp.,
Assistant Officer in Charge,
Criminal Investigation Branch.

Encl.

57 25 70

le 24 decembre, 1969

Mademoiselle D. Paquette
Conseil privé
Chambre 710
Hope Building
Ottawa 2^e, Ontario

Chère Mademoiselle Paquette,

Le Conseil National de Recherches n'est pas en possession du dessin de M. Michalak, mentionné dans sa lettre du 8 décembre.

Après avoir examiné notre dossier j'ai communiqué avec le Lt-Colonel D.F. Robertson du ministère de la Défense nationale et le Sgt. Bisailion de la Gendarmerie royale avec l'espoir qu'ils pourraient être utiles. Après leurs enquêtes respectives ils m'ont tous deux indiqués que le dessin n'était pas dans leur possession, ni à Ottawa, ni à Winnipeg.

Si M. Michalak sait à qui il a confié son dessin, ce renseignement vous serait sans doute utile.

Je me tiens à votre disposition pour vous donner, si besoin est, de plus amples renseignements.

Bien à vous


P. J. Choquette



37 25 79

CABLE ADDRESS
ADRESSE TELEGRAPHIQUE

RESEARCH

PLEASE QUOTE FILE NO
NO DE DOSSIER A RAPPELER

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL
CONSEIL NATIONAL DE RECHERCHES
CANADA

OTTAWA 7.

TO: National Research Council of Canada

In consideration of being allowed to examine the
Non-Meteoritic Sighting files of the Upper Atmosphere Research
Section of the Radio and Electrical Engineering Division,
National Research Council of Canada, I hereby undertake to
keep confidential and not to release through newspapers,
printed articles, radio, television, or any other publications
or news media, any personal name or names learned from this
file, without prior permission from the person or persons
concerned.

Signed

Witness

Date

18 12 69

File DND/UAR 200

SEP 25 '76

Photo of UFO drawing stamped WG 67348 2 drawing seems to be about 11"x 12".

UFO report 1700 E / 20 May 1967
Mr. S. Michalak, Winnipeg, Manitoba.
at Falcon Lake, Manitoba, 4941N 9515W

S/L Bissky investigating Officer (appt'd 23 May)
at 2000 - 4 (FLYTRG)
Training Command Headquarters, Westwin Man.

Michalak photographed with picture on 22 May in Winnipeg Tribune

RCMP - Inspector Perry and
Sgt. Morrisson 22988 works for Perry

CFHQ Ops 421 232100Z May 1967 by Bisskey
mentions Annex C photos of the shirt and cap as well as the original sketch
of the UFO drawn by Mr. Michalak. (*photo of original or original?*)

Aug. 17 cable asking for return of glove, shirt and cap.

Investigating Officers -

F/L J. Smith CFB Winnipeg
Cpl. J. Davis RCMP CID Winnipeg
Const. J. Zacharais RCMP CID Winnipeg
Cpl. D. Shephard CFB Winnipeg Photo Section

CFHQ L/Col D.F. Robertson Dir. Ops. 2-5427

Major Bain CFHQ

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL OF CANADA
CONSEIL NATIONAL DE RECHERCHES DU CANADA

SEP 25 70

MEMORANDUM:-
TO

FILE NO.....
DATE.....

Sgt. Bisaillion	5-6831
Dr. Millman	3-9245
Mrs. McCall	3 39318
Photo Establishment Rockcliffe	3-2237
Miss Paquette	6-5263

FORM NRC 47A

122 Kane Avenue, S.
Winnipeg 12, Manitoba.
November 19th, 1969.

25 70

Dec 8

The President, Privy Council,
Room 710,
Hope Building,
OTTAWA 2, Ontario.

Dear Sir:

Re: U.F.O. Drawing of Stephen Michalak, Winnipeg.
Your Letter of November 4th.

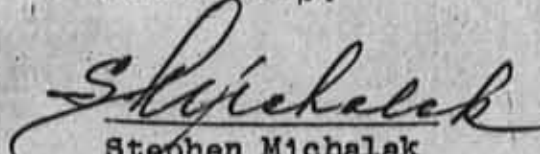
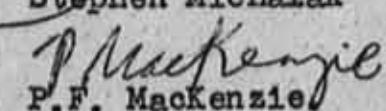
Thank you for sending me the photo.

The Original Drawing of the U.F.O. on brown paper is wanted for the below reasons which I failed to make clear, apparently, in my previous request:

- a. This Original Drawing is wanted for sentimental reasons: It's to be a part of a collection and keepsake, grouped and prized, by his children and wife.
- b. It is believed that this Drawing was loaned to you or your representative on the clear understanding that it would be returned at Mr. Michalak's request. It is his private property. He has been heartbroken that it had been misplaced. This only has meaning to one understanding Michalak's conscientious nature and ordeal.
- c. I will gladly return the photo or pay for it in trade for the brown paper Drawing.
- d. In your files, surely, photos plus full size photocopies will serve your purposes now that various data has been tabled. Only a limited number of details can be read from a crude Drawing. Eventually it would only go to an impersonal file, there to gather dust.

Please advise.

Yours truly,


Stephen Michalak

P.F. MacKenzie

c.c. Mr. B. Mather, M.P. Surrey, B.C.
Mr. J. Richardson, M.P. Winnipeg South.
Mr. J. Diefenbaker, M.P. Prince Albert, Sask.

President of the Privy Council
Le Président du Conseil privé

SP 25 70

16.xii.69

P.
Monsieur Choquette,

Vous trouverez sous ce pli
copie d'une lettre reçue de monsieur
Michalak.

Auriez-vous l'obligeance de
donner suite à la demande de monsieur
Michalak.

Merci.

*Dr. H. G. G. G.
Mrs. M. G. G. G. 3*

André Choquette

FILE	
ENCL.	#93
DIR. T.	Addressed
INDEXED BY	P
MAIN FILE CHARGED TO	